Weather
Cloudy and misty today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 58.1 and the minimum 31, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 60.3 and 38.1.

THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2212 VOL VII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 民國物價部認證三第字四三五 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1918 大正四年第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

NAVAL SURRENDER WILL TAKE PLACE IN NORTH SEA SOON

Fleet Of 1,000 Allied Ships Will Gather In Magnificent Spectacle

DETAILS ARRANGED

German Vessels Were Due To Leave For Rendezvous Monday

MARCH TO RHINE

Actual Advance Of Allied Troops Over Evacuated Territory Begun

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 17.—It is stated that Admiral Beatty, accompanied by Admiral Sims, Commander of the American Naval Forces in European waters, yesterday on board H. M. S. Queen Elizabeth, at Rosyth, received the German plenipotentiaries and completed arrangements for the surrender of the German warships. These must be ready to depart from their ports tomorrow morning. Their meeting of the grand fleet and Allied contingents in battle array at the rendezvous in the North Sea promises to be a magnificent spectacle, unprecedented in history. It is estimated that there will be 1,000 Allied ships.

No Officer Among Plenipotentiaries

Amsterdam, November 16.—A message from Wilhelmshaven states that the plenipotentiaries on board the Konigsberg [illegible] of a leading seaman, a quartermaster and an engineer's mate, with Admiral Hipper as technical adviser.

A telegram from Berlin confirms the names of the battleships, cabled last night, which the British have claimed under the terms of the armistice. The departure of these ships, it is stipulated, must take place not later than five o'clock in the morning of November 18, with reduced crews and no ammunition.

Hard To Man U-boats

Copenhagen, November 16.—The Berlin Soviet has appealed to submarine crews to man the U-boats proceeding to England. It has assured the crews of their safety and non-internment and promises substantially to insure their lives and to give them also a handsome donation.

March Forward On Land

Paris, November 17.—This morning begins the actual move forward of the Allied troops which are to occupy the territories evacuated by the Germans. The Allied armies, with full equipment, will advance beyond the French frontier, taking gradual possession of the whole country on the left bank of the Rhine. The triumphant march now commencing will continue till the Allies have definitely settled on the Rhine and have organised the thirty kilometer bridgeheads beyond the river.

The honor of entering Alsace-Lorraine is left to the French, who will enter Metz tomorrow and will also occupy Colmar and Mulhausen.

The handing over of German war material, including 5,000 guns and 2,500 machine-guns, will take place gradually.

Requests for permission to go to Alsace-Lorraine cannot be entertained for the present.

Germans Appeal To Pope

London, November 17.—In addition to an appeal by German women for the mitigation of the terms of the armistice, which has been wirelessed all over the world, the German Catholics have sent a similar appeal to the Pope, while the German socialists have telegraphed to the Swedish socialist leader, Branting, protesting against the blockade and consequent hunger war and requesting the re-transmission of their protest to the workers of all countries. Mr. Branting is re-transmitting the protest to Mr. Arthur Henderson.

It is pointed out in London that the German version of the armistice terms, published in Germany and re-transmitted to Scandinavian countries, omitted the Allies' promise to provision Germany.

BIG FIRE IN FRENCHTOWN

A serious fire broke out in the French Concession early this morning and at the hour of going to press was still burning fiercely. The fire broke out in the center of a block of buildings near the French Bund just south of the Rue du Consulat and near Rue Colbert and Rue La Guerre. Several Chinese houses were aflame.

U.S. Official Films At Olympic Tonight For War Work Fund

'America's Answer' To Be Shown At Entertainment Officially Ending Campaign

"America's Answer," an official film released by the United States Committee on Public Information, will be screened for the first time here tonight at the Olympic Theater at the entertainment given for the benefit of the United War Work Campaign. American and Allied troops fighting on the Western front, together with activities of the United States Army in France are among the subjects photographed by men of the Signal Corps of the American Army, to be shown tonight.

Allied Consuls will attend and sailors from the American, French, British and Italian ships in the harbor will be guests of the committee. A section has been reserved for the Allied seamen.

A sterling vaudeville program, featuring Buckshot Allison and Captain Ash, cowboy entertainers; Signor Lops, Signor d'Allessio and Signor Mannelli, will be given.

"America's Answer" followed "Pershing's Crusaders," the first film released by the U. S. Committee on Public Information and shows American troops and supplies landing at the three-mile dock built on swamp land "somewhere in France." Also included in the eight reels are pictures of one of the mammoth refrigerator plants established behind the lines with a capacity of 10,000,000 pounds of meat and capable of producing a million pounds of ice daily; assembling of locomotives by soldier mechanics, building railways, levelling of French forests to secure needed timber, erection of hospitals; the building of a great dam to create a reservoir capable of supplying one of America's largest base hospitals in France, American soldiers in training camps in France, the Army's salvage department, sanitation of soldiers' uniforms by machinery, transportation of men and munitions to fighting areas, the American aero squadrons and finally the pictures of Allied troops in actual warfare.

The entertainment will [illegible] the workers [illegible] Carlton [illegible] Jessfield [illegible] Lodge.

Following the [illegible] a picture will be taken in front of committee headquarters, 26 Nanking Road.

A telegram received from New York yesterday states that G.$82,000,000 of the desired G.$170,000,000 had been raised in the United States in four days. Many states far exceeded their quotas.

TANG SHAO-YI'S ARRIVAL TO BEGIN PEACE PARLEYS

Representatives Coming To Shanghai To Undertake Informal Negotiations

With the arrival here today of Mr. Tang Shao-yi after an absence of nearly a year in Japan, there will begin a series of informal parleys in the attempt to discover whether there is any basis for peace in China.

Three emissaries have come from Canton with messages for Mr. Tang. Although the Canton government has taken no official action, Mr. Tang has been unofficially deputed to act as its representative in the negotiations with the Peking Government, which is also sending representatives here. Private letters from Peking say the heads of the government there are extremely desirous of peace and want to negotiate with Mr. Tang as Canton's representative.

All three emissaries from Canton are bringing to Mr. Tang assurances of Canton's similar desire for peace —with conditions. These conditions are that the northern military party be made powerless. When this is translated into practical terms it means that any peace is virtually impossible unless it is forced from outside.

That such pressure is to come is being freely reported from Peking. It is the fear of it that motivates Peking's sudden hunger for peace. Rumors have been flying about that the United States is to make a big loan to China on condition that peace be restored. But such rumors have been incessant for more than a year and so far no money has been forthcoming. And it is not believed likely that there will be any unless China not only makes peace but gives some assurance that such a peace will be more lasting than the mere truces of the last few years and that the money provided will find its way elsewhere than into a few private pockets.

Wilson Voices Confidence Germans Will Work Out Problem Of Democracy

Offers Every Help But Cites Russia In Warning Against Danger Of Anarchy; Says Teuton Autocracy Is Gone Forever

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 15.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—(Delayed). President Wilson, addressing a joint meeting of the two houses of Congress said, in part:

"The war thus comes to an end for, having accepted these terms of armistice, it will be impossible for the German commanders to recover. It is not now possible to assess the consequences of this great conflagration. We know only that this tragical war, whose consuming flame was swept from one nation to another until all the world was on fire, is at an end and that it was the privilege of our own people to enter it at its critical juncture in such a fashion and in such force as to contribute, in a way of which we are all deeply proud, to the great result. We know, too, the object of the war. Even now we don't realise that armed imperialism such as the men who were but yesterday the masters of Germany understood is at an end, its illicit ambitions engulfed in black disaster. Who will seek to revive it? And the arbitrary power of the military caste of Germany which once could secretly and of its own simple choice disturb the peace of the world is discredited and destroyed.

"The great nations which associated themselves in it have now definitely united in the common purpose to set up a peace as will satisfy the longing of the whole world for disinterested justice, embodied in settlements which are based upon something much better and much more lasting than the selfish competitive interests of powerful states. There is no longer conjecture as to the objects the victors have in mind. They have a mind in the matter not only, but also their avowed and concerted purpose, which is to satisfy and protect the weak as well as to accord their just rights to the strong.

"The human temper and intention of the victorious Governments has already been manifested in every practical way. Their representatives in their Supreme War Council of Allies at Versailles have by unanimous resolution assured the people of the Central Empires that every thing that is possible in the circumstances will be done to supply them with food and relieve the distressing want that is in the many places threatening their lives; and steps are to be taken immediately to organise these efforts as relief in the same manner that they were organised in the case of Belgium. By the use of the idle tonnage of the Central Empires it ought presently to be pos-

(Continued on Page 4)

CASES FILED IN COURT AGAINST GE[illegible]S

[illegible] Liquidator Of German Bank; More Today

Actions against 13 firms and individuals indebted to the Deutsche-Asiatische Bank were filed in the Mixed Court and action against 22 others will be taken by Mr. G. D. Musso, attorney for the liquidation of the German Bank, will be taken today. The parties had been previously notified to discharge their overdrafts due the Bank.

FRENCH LOAN DRIVE CLOSES TOMORROW

Campaign Nets Nearly Francs 40,000,000 With Outports Yet To Report

Returns expected from outport branches of local banking institutions will substantially increase the total of Francs 39,145,080, subscribed to the French Victory Loan through Shanghai Banks up to last night. Heads of banks here wired for figures yesterday.

But two days remain for the campaign as banking institutions must wire head offices in Paris so that the bonds may be reserved for buyers in China. Nearly a million and a half francs was subscribed yesterday.

The committee is busy tabulating the returns to show the amount subscribed by Chinese. The figures will be announced by the French Consulate-General in a few days.

The subscriptions to date:

	Francs
Banque de l'Indo-Chine ...	26,143,400
Banque Industrielle de Chine	7,123,000
Banque Russo-Asiatique ...	4,350,000
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	1,400,680
Banque de Chine	128,000
Total	39,145,080

VON TIRPITZ TAKES FLIGHT

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, November 17.—The Frankfurter Zeitung states that Admiral von Tirpitz has fled to Switzerland.

PRINCE MAX REVEALS BERLIN IN[illegible] HISTORY

Found Request For Armistice All Ready When He Took Chancellorship

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, November 17.—A telegram from Berlin states that Prince Max of Baden has published a pamphlet in which he states that when he arrived in Berlin he found the German armistice proposal ready. He opposed the proposal but was told that the situation at the front demanded the offer of an armistice within twenty-four hours and it was supported by the names of the new unimpeachable government. A week later, however, the military authorities told him that they had been mistaken in their judgment of the situation at the front on October 1.

THREAT OF UPRISING LESSENS IN HOLLAND

Indications In Second Chamber Are Only Minority Favor Revolution

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 16.—Reuter's agency is informed that authoritative telegrams from Holland show that the situation has distinctly improved. Disturbances occurred in Amsterdam but the position is now well in hand. The Queen is popularly greeted.

The Press bureau announces that the Allied Food Council in London has arranged for the diversion to Rotterdam of the steamship, Adra, carrying 7,000 tons of wheat, in order to relieve the serious distress in Holland.

The Hague, November 17.—Continued discussion by the Second Chamber of the Socialist threat of revolution indicates that the Government is supported by practically all parties except the Socialists, but there is a strong feeling in favor of extension of the rights of the working classes.

U.S. PROHIBITION BILL GOES UP TO WILSON

Final Action Taken By Senate On Measure Making Nation Dry

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 19.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—Final legislative action was taken in the Senate today on the national "war time" prohibition bill effective July 1, and continuing during the demobilisation period. The measure will now go to President Wilson for approval.

Special Notice To Readers

The foreign morning newspapers of Shanghai are distributing with the regular issues today a small pink sheet in Chinese, which readers are asked to hand to their Chinese servants and other employes. This "express" is issued as a part of the Allied publicity campaign and it tells briefly but emphatically the story of the Allied victory.

'Nobody Home'

Many of the French villages, recaptured by the Allied forces in the recent drives, were completely deserted by the civilian population, who either fled from the Huns or were sent to Germany to work in the fields or factories. The photo shows a French postman arriving at a recaptured village only to find the homes deserted. He is explaining his predicament to a French officer.

Services At Race Course Begin Festival Tomorrow

Thanksgiving Ceremony At Cricket Club Grounds Will Inaugurate Three-Days' Celebration

Each of the sub-committees in charge of the various features of the three-day Victory Celebration which begins tomorrow gave their reports at a meeting held last evening and the program in full for the demonstrations was adopted.

Each sub-committee reported enthusiastically on the preliminary activities. Those in charge of finances announced the ready contribution of over $20,000 by the Allied communities.

Ten thousand posters in Chinese were displayed throughout the Settlement and environs yesterday, the Publicity Committee reported, and the original requirement of 100,000 handbills has been increased by 150,000. Copies of these are sent out with this issue and subscribers are requested to hand them to their servants. The Decorations Committee reported good progress and paid tribute to the assistance of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce which is securing the co-operation of the Nanking Road shopkeepers and providing flags and lanterns.

The celebration will be inaugurated tomorrow, following the firing of the salute at noon, by an Allied Thanksgiving Service to be held on the grounds of the Shanghai Cricket Club, commencing at 12:15 p.m. There will be a hollow square in front of the Pavilion. The seats on the Pavilion will be reserved solely for the Shanghai men who have returned from the front, with the ministers who are to conduct the service in the center. On the path in front of the Pavilion will be gathered the trumpeters and the choir singers. All past and present choir singers, men and women, are invited to join the choir. The other three sides of the square will be occupied by the general congregation. The entrance to the Cricket Ground at the West end of the Pavilion, near the Lawn Bowls Club, will be reserved for the men from the front, the ministers and singers and the fathers and mothers, brothers and sisters of Shanghai men who have fallen in the war. The order of service with the words of the hymns and psalm will be distributed and the whole service will be said and sung standing.

It is expected that about 5,000 school children will participate in the parade of tomorrow afternoon, over 2,000 from the foreign schools. They will proceed to the Race Course from their respective schools and at 3:30 p.m. will begin their march, passing along Nanking Road, the Bund and Foochow Road. Cinematograph shows, sweets, cakes and the like will then be provided, the European children being entertained at the new Municipal drill hall and the Chinese and Japanese children at the Olympic and Towa Theaters respectively.

The civilian parade of Friday afternoon and the military parade of Saturday forenoon both promise to be imposing affairs. Full details of these will be released today.

The final torchlight procession will leave Avenue Edward VII at 9 p.m. on Saturday, and proceed via Rue Montauban, Rue de Consulat, the Bund and Nanking Road to the Race Course and will be composed (tentatively) of the following, in order:

Illuminated tram, mounted Sikhs, Municipal Band with French buglers, float (French), Fire Brigade with 120 Boy Scouts interlaced, Arsenal Band, floats (National), War Veterans, Bluejackets (50), Tram Tank, S.V.C. Detachment (200), Chapei Orphange Band, floats (National), Japanese Detachment (100), floats (National), Annamite Detachment (100), floats (National), City Police Band, Chinese Marines (50), floats (National), Chinese Detachment (100), Chinese Boy Scouts Band, floats (National), Sikhs (100), floats (National), Chinese Artisan Corps (100), band, Chinese Railway Corps (100), Specials (50), floats (Various), Mounted Sikhs.

On arrival at the Race Course all cars and floats will turn to the left down the cinder track and park opposite the Polo Ground. Torchbearers will proceed to the Polo Ground where they will form a ring round the bonfire, which will be lighted by Mr. D. Siffert.

The French Consul-General has kindly consented to receive the salute as the detachments pass the French Consulate.

A grand display of fireworks will conclude the celebration.

It is particularly desired that the returned officers and men should take part in this procession. They will be afforded transport in motor cars immediately following the British float, while a special subcommittee have in charge the arrangement of a dinner for all of them to be given on Monday; for this purpose they are asked to send in their names to Major Manners, R.E., as soon as possible.

A celebration dinner and dance will be held at the Astor House Thursday night, commencing at 8:30 o'clock.

Chinese officials will receive Allied Consular officials and representatives

(Continued on Page 3)

GRAPHIC RECITAL OF GERMAN RISING IS PICKED UP HERE

Wireless Message Describes Overthrow Of Autocracy, All In A Day

LITTLE DISORDER

Came Too Suddenly Even To Be Dramatic, Says Eye-Witness

RESISTANCE WEAK

Mutiny At Kiel Swept Whole Nation Into Revolt Over Night

(French Wireless)

Koukaza, Shanghai, November 19. —The following messages from Nauen have been picked up by this station:

The following is a description of the German revolution, which has apparently been held up since November 9:

Berlin, November 18.—The history of the Hohenzollern dynasty ran its course on November 9, a day which will be memorable in the history of human progress and which future generations in Germany will celebrate as the German 4th of July. The monarchical era in Europe is over.

All the socialists in the Cabinet have resigned; conditions have become impossible; the abdication of the Kaiser is the sole topic of conversation; the rebellious movement on the coast has become a revolution over night in which all west and south Germany is involved; a republic has been proclaimed in Munich by the garrison with the people; Cologne, Magdeburg, Frankfort and other cities in Prussia are in the hands of the revolutionary Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils; Wurtemberg is shaky; the King of Bavaria cannot be located; the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg, the most autocratic Federal monarch in the world, has granted a constitution to his people, and universal suffrage has been proclaimed.

Surrender Only Matter Of Form

It is now only a matter of form for the Prussian officials to surrender their keys and to place themselves under the Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils.

A sailor on the street told me last night that a Workmen's and Soldiers' Council was being formed in Berlin despite the proclamation issued by General von Linsingen forbidding meetings. General von Linsingen has been removed. The papers, reduced to four pages, are crowded with epoch-making events. The tracks leading to the capital have been torn up to prevent invasion but revolutionary troops are said to be coming on foot and in automobiles.

A bulletin issued at noon announces the abdication of Wilhelm, while Prince Max of Baden remains until the armistice has been signed and the Regency settled but recommends Herr Ebert as his successor and the immediate summoning of the Constituent Assembly.

Kaiser Hides In Castle

I have learned later that the Kaiser was not at general headquarters but had been hiding in the Castle in the city all the time, he left by a secret tunnel after his abdication and escaped to the royal train. I am unable to confirm this story but recent telegrams found in the castle and the conviction of the abdication has been discounted in public opinion and bereft of all dramatic effect. Many of those reading the bulletin seemed deeply moved, especially the old men.

Soon after a motor truck passed loaded with soldiers waving red flags and distributing leaflets which announced a general strike and closed "long live the social republic." Berlin is in the hands of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council and the garrison has gone over to the revolution. The people are urged to maintain order and the distribution of food is assured.

The first regiment to mutiny was the Jaegers, which had been sent

here yesterday to overawe the capital. The next regiment was the Alexandrine, whom the Kaiser regarded as his especial bodyguard and to whom he once made a speech in which he said he would rely on them to shoot down the citizens of Berlin if they ever had the impudence to revolt against his authority as they did in 1848.

Exhilaration In Streets

Every one seems to radiate exhilaration. After long days of waiting, freedom at last is in the hands of the nation, peace is in sight and militarism dethroned. The streets are filled with people but order prevails. Soldiers are joy-riding in military autos and lorries decorated with red flags torn from old banners. The citizens are also getting aboard the autos. They sing and cheer and the crowd responds.

It grows dark and a new paper appears in the street, The Red Banner. The Liebknecht group have requisitioned the plant of the reactionary newspaper Lokal Anzeiger and are issuing it. The soldiers have removed their cockades and regimental insignia from their uniforms. A few wear Iron Crosses. Officers must surrender their swords and remove their shoulder straps but there has been no worse form of violence as a whole and no drunkenness as most of the saloons have closed of their own accord. The street scene assumes the typical appearance of an American city on an election night. Groups form and discuss public questions and for the first time in the history of Berlin the class barriers are down. The Geheimrat converses with democratic unconventionality with a machinist, an unheard of condition but symptomatic of the readiness for democratisation of the people.

Firing From Castle

Passers-by have been fired on from the castle and the Royal mews. The castle was entered by soldiers but the assailant was not found. The castle is a huge structure covering a large block in parts 500 years old. A tunnel was discovered connecting it with the Royal mews which would make the escape of the firing party easy.

The strike has stopped and street cars and other public functions are operating as usual. No policemen are in sight. There is a dense crowd on the Potsdammer Platz, the center of the city. All are excited but quiet till a late hour. Groups gather and talk together but no speeches are made. A soldier mounts a truck and announces that all citizens are requested to clear off the streets by midnight, patrols of soldiers will maintain order and the distribution of food will not be interrupted. He ends with "Long live the Republic" which is greeted with weak cheering for the people are not accustomed to the new note. There is more cheering when a woman asks a soldier on guard "where are the police?" The young fellow, intoxicated with the wine of republicanism, says "there are no more police. The people rule." This brings hearty cheers, for the police were hated, being under the direct authority of the King of Prussia.

Political Prisoners Released

A soldier relates how political prisoners were released. The Soldiers' Committee demanded the keys from an old Major, who said that he had no authority to deliver them. "Authority be damned, Major, the people are the authority now," he was told. He still hesitated and was told: "Major, will you deliver the keys or—you know." The keys were surrendered. Many of the prisoners wept with joy on regaining their freedom in this way.

The order and self-restraint in the capital is astounding. There is much more turmoil in New York on New Year's Eve. The people do not seem to know how to express themselves. The new era has dawned too suddenly but this, the first day of the German Republic, presages well for the future.

More Shooting From Castle

Berlin, November 9.—(Delayed). There was more shooting today from the castle and Royal mews which emanated from officers concealed there who refused to acknowledge the new regime and fired on the citizens with machine-guns. Civilians as well as soldiers have been victims. The castle has been systematically searched but the authorities decline to say whether the shooters have been discovered.

PLEBISCITE IN LUXEMBOURG

Lyons, November 18.—A message from Luxembourg to Basle states that, according to the newspapers, the Chamber has adopted an Order of the Day asking the government to organise a plebiscite so that the people of Luxembourg may be able to give their opinion concerning the future form of the State. The Chamber demands that the Grand Duchess shall abstain from all actions affecting the government until the plebiscite. A resolution moved by the Liberals and Socialists demanding the abdication of the Grand Duchess and the proclamation of a Republic was rejected.

Many Fine Exhibits Seen At Autumn Flower Show

Display Of Chrysanthemums Equals Any Of Recent Years; Today Is Last Day

With a display of chrysanthemums equal in beauty and size to any previously given the Shanghai Horticultural Society's Autumn Show opened on the Bund yesterday afternoon. The variety of blooms is exceptionally large and the interior of the big matshed on the foreshore presents a delightful vista of colors, the shadings and contrasts of which those in charge of the arrangements have brought out in skilful fashion.

The blossoms this year are beautifully headed out—the Chinese declare them larger and more perfect than ever—and the exhibit is deserving of a great deal larger attendance than was the case yesterday afternoon, though there was a fair crowd.

The gold medal was awarded to Mr. P. Peebles for a fine display of six pieces and other exhibitors drawing prizes for exceptionally fine offerings were Mrs. F. Ayscough, Mrs. E. W. Godfrey, Mrs. Ezra, Mr. Way Yu-ding and others. Mrs. Ezra has a striking group of single potted blossoms. The number of special exhibitions this fall was not so large as usual, principally owing to the many outside activities demanding exhibitors' time, but some very nice effects were secured in the decorated tables exhibit by the use of chrysanthemums, Autumn leaves and fruits. A decidedly original and interesting display of cactus plants is entered by Mrs. Ayscough.

The showing of vegetables is fully as large and as creditable as in previous Autumn exhibitions.

This morning the exhibit will be open especially for school children and the general public is invited to attend this afternoon and evening. The Town Band and Trianon orchestra will be in attendance and tea and other refreshments will be served.

The judges of the awards were Messrs. P. Peebles, F. Ayscough, J. Ambrose, Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, Way Yu-ding, L. Grenard, E. B. Heaton-Smith and R. C. Turner.

Following is the list of awards:

Standard

Yellow "Siao Soong" Wool Robe.—Mrs. Ezra.

Golden Peaonia.—1, Yah Sze-yuen.

Golden Plate with Olea Center.—1 and 2, Way Yu-ding.

Pink Lotus.—H.M., J. D. Clarke; 1, J. D. Clarke; 2, Mrs. Ezra.

Bronze Ear Pick.—1, Mrs. Ezra.

Golden Cross Knot.—H.M., Mrs. Ezra.

Golden Peaonia.—3, Way Yu-ding.

Yellow Dragon Boat.—2, F. W. Potter.

White Haired Lotus.—H.M., H. H. Fox.

Silver Lotus.—1, P. Peebles, 2, C. H. Ryde.

Silver Ear Pick.—2, W. H. Barham; 3, Mrs. F. Ayscough.

White Ball.—1, Mrs. Ezra.

White Lotus.—1, Mrs. Ezra.

Large Leafed Ball.—1 and 2, Mrs. Ezra.

"Yang Fill" Ribbon.—1, Mrs. Ayscough; 1, F. W. Potter; 1, Mrs. E. C. Pearce.

Walnut Red. (?)—1, Mrs. Ezra.

Red Bamboo Leaves.—1, Way Yu-ding.

Yellow Needles.—1, P. Peebles; 2, H. H. Fox; 3, Mrs. Ayscough; H.M., Mrs. E. C. Pearce.

Golden Haired Thorn.—1, Mrs. E. W. Godfrey.

Golden Peaonia.—2, P. Peebles.

Lilac Lotus.—1, Mrs. E. W. Godfrey; 2, Mrs. Ayscough; 3, Mrs. E. C. Pearce.

Red Heaven and White Ground.—1, Mrs. Ayscough; 2, Mrs. Ayscough.

Golden Lotus.—1, Way Yu-ding; 2, Mrs. Ezra; 3, Mrs. F. W. Henderson.

White "Nee King" Ball.—1, Mrs. Ayscough; 2, J. D. Clarke.

Yellow "Nee King" Ball.—1, Mrs. Ezra; 2, Mrs. E. W. Godfrey.

White Lotus.—1, Mrs. Ayscough.

Snow Lion.—1, C. H. Ryde.

Golden Dragon Claw.—1, Mrs. E. W. Godfrey; 2, Chang Tsing-sun.

Lilac Ribbon.—1, Chang Tsing-sun.

"Zang Shang" Thorn.—1, C. H. Ryde.

White Dragon's Beard.—1, Mrs. Ayscough.

Golden Ribbon with Olea Center.—H.M., C. H. Ryde.

Red Lotus.—1, Mrs. Ezra.

Lilac Bamboo Leaves.—1, Mrs. E. W. Godfrey.

Yellow Peaonia.—2, Chang Tsing-sun.

White Jewel Ribbon.—1, F. W. Potter.

Snow Lion.—2, C. H. Ryde.

Jewel Crab.—1, C. H. Ryde.

Cream Cross Knot.—2, H. H. Fox.

Purple Peaonia.—1, H. H. Fox.

Purple Ear Pick.—1, P. Peebles.

Lilac Cross Knot.—1, Way Yu-ding.

Yellow "Wu Yoong."—1, P. Peebles.

Red Bamboo Leaves.—1, P. Peebles.

Artificial Chair or framed chrysanthemums.—2, Mrs. Cowdrey.

Artificial Ball or trained chrysanthemums.—2, Mrs. Cowdrey.

Purple Peaonia.—2, Mrs. Ayscough.

Bronze Plate.—1, Mrs. Ayscough.

Tiger's Claw.—H.M., Way Yu-ding.

Golden Unicorn.—2, P. Peebles.

Japanese Lotus.—1, Mrs. Ayscough.

Eastern Bright.—1, Mrs. Ayscough.

Bronze Bamboo Leaves.—1, J. D. Clarke.

Golden Plate with Olea Center.—1 and 2, Way Yu-ding.

Golden Dragon Robe.—1, F. W. Potter; 2, Way Yu-ding.

Japanese Lotus.—2, C. H. Ryde.

Jewel Lion.—2, C. H. Ryde.

Yellow "Siao Yoong" Wool Robe.—H.M., P. Peebles.

Pink Needles.—H.M., Pow Kee.

Red Needles.—H.M., Way Yu-ding.

Lilac Peaonia.—1, C. H. Ryde.

Golden Ribbon.—1, H. H. Fox.

Bush

Silver Ear Pick, new variety.—1 and H. M. Yah Sze-yuen.

White "Wu Yoong."—1, Way Yu-ding.

"Nee Ring" Ball.—1 and H.M., Way Yu-ding.

Golden "Wu Yoong."—1, Way Yu-ding.

Golden Cross Knot.—H.M., Way Yu-ding.

Golden Lotus.—1, Chang Tsing-sun.

Purple Ear Pick.—2, Chang Tsing-sun.

Yellow "Siao Yoong" Wool Robe.—1, H. H. Fox.

Purple "Wu Yoong."—H. M., Chang Tsing-sun.

Large Leafed Yellow.—H. M., H. H. Fox.

Pink "Maen Tsze."—2, Chang Tsing-sun.

"Yang Fee" Ribbon.—H.M., Chang Tsing-sun.

Foreign Butterflies.—1, Chang Tsing-sun.

Purple Lotus.—2, Mrs. Ayscough.

Golden Lily.—H.M., Yah Sze-yuen.

Yellow Pearl-White.—1, Chang Tsing-sun; 2, Mrs. Ayscough.

Jewel Crab.—1, Yah Sze-yuen.

White Lotus.—3, Chang Tsing-sun.

Purple Lotus. 2, Yah Sze-yuen.

Lilac Needles.—1, Mrs. Ayscough.

Lilac Peaonia.—1, Way Yu-ding.

Rose Ear Pick.—H.M., Mrs. Ayscough.

White Ear Pick.—1, Chang Yuen-chi.

Purple Lotus, small variety.—3, H. H. Fox.

Yellow Needles.—1, Mrs. Ayscough.

White Ribbon.—1, Way Yu-ding.

Silver Ear Pick.—H.M., Way Yu-ding.

Pink Needles.—H.M., C. H. Ryde.

Six Bush Plants in Group.—1, Way Yu-ding.

Group of Six Standard Specimens.—1, P. Peebles; 2, Mrs. Ezra; 3, P. Peebles.

Single Stemmed Plants in Group—1, Mrs. Ezra; 2, Pow Kee; 3, Yue Tse-doo.

16 Plants in Group (Salvia and Dahlias).—H.M., Mrs. E. C. Pearce.

Artistically arranged flower vase with Chrysanthemums and Autumn Foliage.—1, Mrs. Cowdrey.

Best 12 Chrysanthemum flowers in variety.—H.M., [illegible] Henderson.

One large Ba[illegible]as and Foliage.—1, Mr[illegible]

Vegetables[illegible]R MA[illegible]

Class 145. (6 Beetroots).—1 and 2, J. Ambrose; 3, J. D. Clarke.

Jerusalem Artichokes.—1, J. D. Clarke.

Endive.—1, H. H. Fox; 2, F. W. Potter.

Parsley.—1, H. H. Fox; 2, J. D. Clarke.

Tomatoes.—1, Mrs. Ezra; 2, W. H. Barham; 3, J. D. Clarke.

Peppers.—1 and 2, J. Ambrose.

Carrots.—1, Way Yu-ding; 2, J. D. Clarke.

Water Cress.—1, Way Yu-ding.

Indian Corn.—1, R. E. Toeg.

French Beans.—1, Way Yu-ding; 2, J. Ambrose.

Butter Beans.—1, J. D. Clarke.

Peas.—1, J. D. Clarke.

Mint.—1, H. H. Fox.

Thyme.—1, Mrs. E. W. Godfrey.

Marjoram.—1, H. H. Fox.

Lettuce.—1, W. H. Barham.

Spinach.—1, Mrs. F. W. Henderson.

New Zealand Spinach.—1, Mrs. F. W. Henderson.

Leeks.—1, J. Ambrose.

Potatoes.—1 and 2, J. Ambrose.

Egg Plant.—1, J. Ambrose.

Cucumbers.—1 and 2, J. Ambrose.

Curly Kale.—1, W. H. Barham.

Red Cabbage.—1, Mrs. Ezra.

Cabbage.—1, P. Peebles; 2, J. Ambrose.

Parsnips.—1, Way Yu-ding; 2, Mrs. F. W. Henderson.

Turnips.—1, Way Yu-ding.

Kohlrabi.—1, J. D. Clarke; 2, Mrs. Ayscough.

Best Collection of vegetables.—1, J. D. Clarke.

MACKENSEN IN HUNGARY

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, November 17.—General Mackensen has arrived at Debreczin, Hungary, with two thousand soldiers in motor cars. The Hungarian authorities disarmed the German troops, who are proceeding homewards.

The ex-Grand Duke Mecklenburg-Schwerin, with his wife and family, has arrived in Copenhagen. He is a brother of the Queen of Denmark.

MORE CROWNS FALL

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 17.—The Grand Duke of Saxe-Meiningen and the Prince of Schaumburg-Lippe have abdicated. Saxe-Meiningen has been proclaimed a republic.

Does she look bad?

$1 opens a Savings Account.
$100 opens a Checking Account.

HOMELANDS OF SOME OF OUR DEPOSITORS.

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The Coming of World Peace

You will want to entertain your friends, and to make the feast perfect, you will need some of the choice delicacies and dainties which await your selection at our new, bigger and better store.

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Caviar, Anchovies, Sardines, Salmon, etc.
Champagne, Port, Sherry, Tokay, Malaga, etc.
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is the greatest enemy of chassis and of engine.

For maximum absorption of Vibration—run on Dunlops.

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CHINA'S INFLUENCE SEEN IN PHILIPPINE HISTORY

Part Played By This Country Overseas Told Woman's Club By Judge C. S. Lobingier

The influence exerted by Chinese literature, art, religion and civilisation in the Philippine Islands, Japan, Burma, Siam and other Far Eastern countries was discussed by Judge C. S. Lobingier of the United States Court for China at the monthly meeting of the American Woman's Club, held yesterday afternoon at the Carlton Cafe.

Judge Lobingier paid special attention to the Philippines, discussing the part played by the Chinese in Philippine history prior to Spanish dominion and during the time that Spain ruled the archipelago. He pointed out that the most prominent figure in Philippine history, Jose Rizal, descended from a Chinese, and mentioned Teodoro Yangco, one of the Philippine Commissioners to Washington; Jose Velasco and other leading Manila merchants; Sergio Osmena, Speaker of the House of Representatives; Vicente Singson Encarnacion, leader of the opposition party, and others prominent in Philippine affairs whose ancestors came from the China coast.

"China dominates the civilisation of the Eastern world as did Rome the civilisation of the West and the China overseas can be compared to the countries overseas from Greece and Rome," said the speaker as he traced the civilisation of Japan and neighboring countries to China.

At the business meeting before Judge Lobingier's talk, the following were admitted to membership: Mrs. Nelson E. Lurton, Mrs. Julean Arnold, Mrs. E. W. Perry, Mrs. B. S. Fenn, Mrs. A. D. Gibbs, Miss Laura Anderson and Miss Amy K. Holway.

Mrs. A. L. Blechenden was chosen a member of the nominating committee for one year and Mrs. R. H. Gregory, Mrs. B. Atwood Robinson and Miss Frances Russell were elected for three-year terms.

Mrs. A. H. Hallam and Mrs. B. Atwood Robinson were the tea hostesses yesterday.

The regular meeting of December 17 will be in the form of a Christmas tree and entertainment for children.

The meeting of the Study Class scheduled for tomorrow afternoon has been postponed until Tuesday.

A special meeting of the Club has been called for Monday morning at ten o'clock.

A.C. King Is Appointed U.S. Solicitor-General

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 19.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—President Wilson has nominated Alexander C. King, of Atlanta, Ga., to be Solicitor-General, succeeding John W. Davis, who will be Ambassador to Great Britain.

New Time Zones Fixed By U.S. Authorities

Present Lines Are Moved Slightly Westward By Interstate Commerce Commission

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 19.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—The Interstate Commerce Commission announced today new official boundaries for the time zones in the United States unifying existing lines and moving them slightly westward. This will go into effect January 2. It is pursuant to the daylight saving act, which authorised the government of the United States to standardise the time for the country, which hitherto had been fixed by cross-country railroads and local law. The time of Alaska and the Hawaiian Islands will remain unchanged.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES IN ALL LONDON CHURCHES

Grand Celebration To Be Held Throughout Japan On Thursday

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 17.—Thanksgiving services were held in all Churches today. Many overseas soldiers were present at Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's Cathedral. Their Majesties the King and Queen attended the Guards Chapel.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, November 18.—At a general meeting of Chamber of Commerce of the whole country which took place here today, it was resolved to address the Throne congratulating the Empire on the cessation of hostilities. The same felicitations will be addressed to the Ambassadors of the Allied Powers and will be cabled to the Chambers of Commerce of Allied capitals. It was also resolved to hold a grand celebration on November 21.

20,000 IN SONG SERVICE

(American Wireless To Reuter)

San Francisco, November 19.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—Twenty thousand persons, including many Chinese, Japanese, Russians and those of other nationalities, gathered today at Golden Gate Park for a Victory Singing Celebration. A spirit of thanksgiving prevailed. The soldiers of the Allies sang gloriously. A feature was the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner" and "Over There" by a group of Japanese children in Japanese costumes carrying flags of the United States and Japan.

Services To Begin Victory Festival

(Continued from Page 1)

of the press at the office of the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs this afternoon at four o'clock.

The Preliminary Program

Preliminary Program of Events

Thursday

Noon.—S.V.C. Artillery will fire a Royal Salute on the Polo Ground.

12:15 p.m.—An Allied Thanksgiving service, lasting about 20 minutes, will be held on the Cricket Ground.

3:30 p.m.—Procession of school children followed by cinematograph performances at the Drill Hall and various theaters.

6 p.m.—Victory parade of Chinese students (with lanterns) from the leading educational institutions, organised by Y.M.C.A.

Evening.—The Tramway Co's. illuminated cars will traverse the principal routes of the Settlement.

Friday

Noon to 1 p.m.—The Allied members of the Shanghai Club at home to the Consular Body and friends of the Allies.

2:15 p.m.—Civilian parade divided into two sections, particulars and routes to be announced later.

Evening.—The tramway illuminated cars will traverse principal routes.

8:15 p.m.—The Y.M.C.A. will hold a mass meeting for Chinese at their hall in Szechuen Road. Allied Consuls and prominent Chinese officials it is hoped will be present.

Saturday

10:30 a.m.—A military parade will move off from the East entrance of the Race Course and proceed along Nanking Road, the Bund, Rue du Consulat, Rue Montauban, Avenue Edouard VII and Thibet Road to the starting pont. A march past will take place on the Cricket Ground at the conclusion of the parade.

Evening.—Illuminated tramcars.

9 p.m.—Torchlight procession, the head of which will be at the junction of Avenue Edouard VII and Rue Montauban, will proceed along Rue Montauban, Rue du Consulat, the Bund and Nanking Road to the Recreation Ground where at about 11 p.m. there will be a bonfire and a display of fireworks.

Monday

It is hoped to entertain the whole of the officers and men returned from the front to dinner at some place to be arranged, officers and men should send their names to Major Manners, R.E.

Prisoners In Germany Can Leave At Once

German Official Wireless Message Tells Of Captives' Immediate Release

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 16.—A German official wireless message states that prisoners of war in Germany will be granted opportunities to return home immediately.

'The Little Mermaid' Off

Owing to the indisposition of Mrs. W. J. Isenman and Mr. G. F. Browne, two of the principals, both of whom are reported to be suffering from influenza, the performance of "The Little Mermaid" which was to take place last night had to be abandoned. Tomorrow's matinee also has been postponed. Those who have booked for these two performances and also for Saturday night, which was abandoned in order not to clash with the torchlight procession, may receive their money back on application to Messrs. Moutrie and Co.

To Lecture Tonight On Literary Boston

Mr. B. Atwood Robinson will give a lecture this evening at 9 o'clock at the Union Church Literary and Social Guild on "Some Reminiscences of Literary Boston of the 19th Century."

The Chinese Benevolent Association

271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques

Benevolent Fund Ticket

$50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 2nd April, 1918.

To be drawn among 50,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai, China on the 1st December, 1918.

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.60, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Hunan Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.

Prices for whole tickets $6.00.

LIST OF PRIZES FOR WHOLE TICKETS

1	First Prize		$50,000
1	Second Prize		10,000
1	Third Prize		5,000
2	Fourth Prizes	$2,000 each	4,000
2	Fifth Prizes	1,000 „	2,000
2	Sixth Prizes	500 „	1,000
10	Seventh Prizes	100 „	1,000
20	Eighth Prizes	50 „	1,000
50	Ninth Prizes	40 „	2,000
800	Tenth Prizes	20 „	16,000
2	Each approximate to the First Prize	300 „	600
2	Each approximate to the Second Prize	150 „	300
2	Each approximate to the Third Prize	100 „	200
4	Each approximate to the Fourth Prize	50 „	200
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of first Prize	18 „	8,982
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Second Prize.	15 „	7,485
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Third Prize	12 „	5,988
998	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Fourth Prize	10 „	9,980
3,394	drawn tickets	Total	$125,735

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.

All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des deux Republiques, Shanghai); if abroad; will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

THE CHINESE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd.

(Established 1851)

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Scripps-Booth Corporation, Detroit..... Scripps-Booth Cars
Fiat Automobili Torino..... Fiat Cars

Receives regular shipments of the above-mentioned cars, with the exception of Berliet and Fiat cars which cannot be shipped during the duration of the War.

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Owners of the largest and best equipped

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SEE OUR LATEST DISPLAY OF CHOICE WINTER SUGGESTIONS

Everything of the newest and brightest.

Fresh stocks by every ship.

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Chekiang and Nanking Roads

WE Celebrate

Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
November 21, 22, 23

— *The Grand Finale* —

TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION SATURDAY NIGHT

ONE GREAT HURRAH
BEFITTING THE OCCASION

To be composed of

THE FIRE BRIGADE
BLUEJACKETS—British, Italians, Americans
SHANGHAI VOLUNTEER CORPS
ANNAMITE DETACHMENT
CHINESE MARINE AND MILITARY DETACHMENT
SIKH POLICE
EMBLEMATICAL CARS & FLOATS
CHINESE THEATERS (Actors)
BOYS SCOUTS
CITIZENS IN FANCY DRESS
BANDS GALORE

Get Ready! Get Ready!! Get Ready!!!

Parties entering floats are requested to notify Capt. E. I. M. Barrett, Hon. Secretary, Central Police Station, for place in line not later than Thursday Evening.

Citizens with torches are to fall in back of the Floats, — it is up to you to dress up and join in.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION: —

The procession will form on Avenue Edward VII, head at Rue Montauban, and will start at 9 p.m. SHARP — will then parade to Rue Montauban — to Rue du Consulat (where the French Consul will receive the salute) — to The Bund (where the other Allied Consuls will receive the salute) — to Nanking Road to Polo Grounds on Race Course.

AT THE POLO GROUNDS

A Huge Bonfire Will Be Lit.
A Grand Display of Fireworks Set Off.

LINE FORMS AT 8 P.M.

Signed:

VICTORY CELEBRATION COMMITTEE

LITERATURE SOCIETY HAS ANNUAL MEETING

Report For Year Shows Difficulties Encountered Owing To War; Hope To Extend Now

The thirty-first annual meeting of the Christian Literature Society took place yesterday evening in the Society's rooms, No. 143 North Szechuen Road. It was thought best this year to confine the meeting to the members as every one was preoccupied with war activities. This decision was arrived at before the armistice was signed.

The President of the Society, Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, presided and proposed the adoption of the annual report. The report is full of interest, but shows that the good work of the Society has been carried on under many difficulties.

Perhaps the activities of this Society are not as well known as they might be, especially among Americans. It was formerly known as the Diffusion Society and, under the direction of Dr. Timothy Richard, became widely known throughout China. It differs from other missionary activities inasmuch as it aims at providing the Chinese with good literature on all branches of knowledge and does not confine its efforts to strictly religious literature.

During the period preceding the revolution the publications of this Society exerted great influence on public opinion. Its books were widely read, especially by the officials and literati. Probably no book published in China has had a greater influence than "The Nineteenth Century" by Mackenzie, translated by Dr. Richard."

A monthly magazine, The Review of the Nations, edited by the late Dr. Young J. Allen, also exercised a remarkable influence.

A glance at the names of the books published by this Society shows how wide a range is covered. Useful and accurate information is given to the reading public on Science, Law, Government, History, Philosophy, as well as on Religion.

The support of the Society has largely come from Great Britain, although there have been Americans on its board of direction and on its editorial staff. It has never received the local support which it deserves.

Owing to war conditions and unfavorable exchange the output of books has had to be cut down and the activities of the Society curtailed. Last year it was possible to publish only fifteen new books at an expenditure of three thousand dollars. Now that the war is over it is hoped that the operations of the Society may once more be extended. All interested in the progress of China should give this Society their hearty support and the financial assistance necessary to enable it to carry on its good work for the enlightenment of the Chinese people.

Dr. Timothy Richard has been absent the whole year. Dr. MacGillivray left for Canada on furlough last spring, and Dr. A. P. Parker has been absent on a holiday in America most of the year. Mr. Morgan has been steadily carrying on the work of the Society throughout the year, and the report tells of the work he, Mr. Mason and Dr. W. Hopkyn Rees, and Miss H. C. Bowser have done. Some Chinese friends have promised financial assistance for reviving the monthly magazine —Ja Tung Pao—but owing to the war and the difficulty of obtaining paper the matter has been allowed to drop meanwhile.

Won't Merge Express With Parcel Post

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 19.—(Received by French Wireless Station). —The Railroad Administration announced today that the express business would not be merged with the parcel post management.

Navy Cannot Relax Duty For Present

British Ships Must Maintain Full War Routine Till All Danger Is Over

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, November 18.—The Commodore has received the following telegram from the Admiralty: "The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty desire heartily to congratulate the officers and men of the Royal Navy and the Royal Marine upon the triumph of the Allied cause in the realisation of which they have played so splendid a part, adding luster throughout to the great traditions of the service to which they belong. Their Lordships feel that after four years of ceaseless vigilance a relaxaton of war conditions cannot but be greatly desired by officers and men and they may be relied upon to grant leave and modify war routine immediately circumstances permit. At present, however, with German submarines possibly still at sea and ignorant of the conclusion of the armistice, the work of escorting ships to be surrendered or interned, devolving largely upon the British Navy, and with the full capacity of mine-sweepers required for clearing the seas, it is plain that no officers and men can be spared from their duties until the safety of the country at sea is assured. The navy has in time of peace to be ready for war in a sense in which the land forces cannot be. Now that peace is again in prospect it may prove that even after the troops in the field are enjoying relief from tension, the navy must for a time continue war routine. If so, their Lordships are confident that this will be cheerfully accepted as being at once the burden and the privilege of the Empire's first line of defense."

Wilson Promises Help To Germany

(Continued from Page 1)

sible to lift the fear of the latter's misery from their oppressed populations and set their minds and energy free for the great and hazardous tasks of political reconstruction which now face then on every hand. Hunger does not breed reform; it breeds madness and all the ugly distempers that make an ordered life impossible. For the cabal of the ancient Government rested like an Atlas upon the people of the Central Empires.

What Is German Government?

"But to the Empires, have political changes in government really come? Resolutions have come, resolutions which seem yet to assume no final and ordered condition but to run from one fleet change to another, until thoughtful men are forced to ask themselves as to what government, and of what sort, are we about to deal in the making of the covenants of peace? With what authority will they meet us and with what assurance will their authority abide and claim security for the international arrangement into which we are about to enter? There is matter for no small anxiety and misgiving. When peace is made, upon whose promises and engagements besides our own is it to be? Let us be frank with ourselves and admit that these questions cannot be satisfactorily answered now or at once. The moral is that there is little hope of an early answer that will suffice. It is not only that we must be patient and helpful and mindful above all of the great hope and confidence that relieves the heart of what is taking place.

Force Is Unavailing

"Excesses accomplish nothing. Unhappy Russia has furnished proof recently of that. Disorder immediately defeats itself. If excess should occur, if disorder should in time raise its head, over all a second thought will follow and a day of constructive period, if we help and do not hinder. The present and all that it holds belongs to the nations and the peoples who preserve their self-control and the lawful processes of government; the future to those who prove themselves true friends of mankind. To conquer with arms is to make a temporary conquest; I am confident that the nations that have learned the discipline of freedom and that have settled with self-possession to its ordered practice are now about to make conquest of the world by the sheer power of example of friendly helpfulness. The people who have just come out from under the yoke of arbitrary government and are now coming at last into their freedom will never find their treasures of liberty they are in search of by the light of anarchy, for they will find that every pathway that is so stained with the blood of their brothers leads to the wilderness, not to the seat of their hopes. They are face to face with the initial test. We will hold the light steady until they find themselves. And in the meantime, if it be possible, we must establish a peace that will justly define their place among the nations, remove all fear of their neighbors and of their former masters and enable them to live in security and contentment when they have settled their affairs in order.

"Do not doubt their purpose or their capability. There are some happy signs that they know and will choose the way of self-control and peaceful accommodation. If they do so we shall put our aid at their disposal in every way that we can. If they do not we must await with patience and sympathy their wavering and the recovery that will surely come."

Shanghai
is to have a serpent!

Koltchak Appointed Dictator At Omsk

General Stefanik Leaves Vladivostok To Take Command In Urals

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Vladivostok, November 19.—Reuter's correspondent learns from authentic sources that the Council of Ministers at Omsk has appointed Admiral Koltchak, formerly in command of the Black Sea fleet, dictator.

Vladivostok, November 18.—Interviewed just as he was leaving for the Urals, General Stefanik stated that it was his duty to re-animate his tired compatriots who were now desiring to return to their homes. The Czecho-Slovaks notwithstanding were ceaselessly fighting on the Ural-Volga fronts and undergoing the greatest hardships while waiting in vain for the promised Allied assistance. They will ever act in conformity with the wishes of the Allies and the dictates of military honor.

Vladivostok, November 19.—The Czecho-Slovak Military Attorney announces today that Suchanoff, ex-President of the Vladivostok Soviet, and Meinikoff, ex-Commissioner of Police, while being taken under an escort of soldiers from the concentration camp to prison for a judicial investigation, attempted to escape and were shot dead by their escort on November 17.

Italian Battleships Arrive At Cattaro

Fleet To Insure Execution Of Armistice With Austria-Hungary

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Cattaro, November 17.—Italian warships have arrived here in order to insure the execution of the naval clauses of the armistice with Austria-Hungary.

ALEXANDRETTA OCCUPIED BY FRENCH DETACHMENT

Troops Disembarking In Syrian City Are Given Warm Welcome

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 18.—Alexandretta has been occupied by French troops, to whom the population gave a warm welcome. Our troops were disembarked from the cruisers Du Chayla and Lavoisier, the transport St. Brieuc and the destroyers Voltigeur and Aspirant Herber, accompanied by other units.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Lyons, November 18.—Vice-Admiral Amet, Commanding the 2nd French Squadron, which is now lying in the Bosphorous, has been nominated High Commissioner of the French Republic to the Ottoman Government.

THE BARRETT SPECIFICATION ROOF

The NEVER LEAK Roofing

A strong phrase, but it's a good name, for Congo. Perfect rolls, carefully made and every one inspected and tested. No imperfect rolls will reach you. That's why it never leaks. There are no flaws, no thin places, no weak spots. Once it is on the roof, the water will not get through.

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DRAWN - WIRE - LAMPS
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Obtainable from all Electrical Dealers or from the Sole Importers
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Doctor's Opinion in China:
"I have found Nestle's Food valuable among my Hospital patients, especially with those suffering from weak and disordered digestion. Nephritis, chronic diarrhoea and dysentery cases, as well as typhoid fever, have been helped by it."

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FOR MAXIMUM MILEAGE

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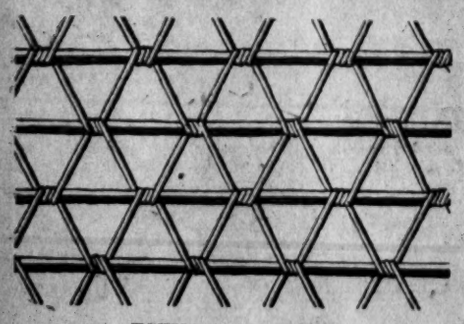
The Ideal Reinforcement for Roof and Floor Slabs, Culverts, Sewers, Pavements, etc.



New stocks of Black
Triangle Mesh in Rolls
1b0 feet long, have arrived
8 Different Styles
ESTIMATES PREPARED BY OUR CONCRETE ENGINEERS
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We Render REAL Motor Car Service!
Prompt attention and good results guaranteed.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF NEW CARS
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The Eastern Garage Cent. 1159 & 2711
The Star Garage . . West 197 & 131
Spare parts, accessories, tyres, general supplies on hand for every order.
SEE OUR NEW CARS
We have Chandlers, Premiers, Hupmobiles, Chevrolets, Maxwells, and Indian motorcycles in stock.
Demonstrations from either Garage
The Shanghai Garage Company

PACIFIC MAIL LINERS TAKEN BY GOVERNMENT

Venezuela And Santa Cruz Commandeered And All Bookings Are Cancelled

Two Pacific Mail Steamship Company liners, the Venezuela and Santa Cruz, have been commandeered by the United States Government and all bookings have been cancelled. The news was received by the local offices from the Manila agency yesterday and Shanghai people who had booked on the Venezuela, sailing for America January 3, were immediately notified of the Government's action. The Santa Cruz is on the East India service.

No reasons are given for the taking over of the ships by the Government at this time. It is believed that they will be used for the transportation of supplies to American forces in Russia.

The Venezuela was scheduled to leave San Francisco November 16 and was due here December 14. All berths allotted to Shanghai and Hongkong agencies had been booked for the return trip.

News Brevities

Among the passengers who left for San Francisco yesterday on the Siberia Maru were Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Barkley, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Barkley, Mrs. A. G. Loehr, wife of the United States Vice-Consul and Miss Loehr.

* * *

Mr. P. O'Brien Twigg was among the passengers who left Shanghai for Japan yesterday.

* * *

The Municipal offices and the Mixed Court will be closed for business during the public holidays. The Shanghai Marine Underwriters' Association will close for public business on the afternoons of Thursday and Friday and the whole of Saturday.

* * *

Telegraphic word reaching Consul-General Sammons yesterday stated that Mr. Charles R. Crane has already left Peking and it is therefore anticipated that he will arrive in Shanghai about the end of the week.

* * *

Two shopkeepers were fined yesterday in the Mixed Court for allowing their shops on 120a and 154 Foochow Road to sell lottery tickets. Mr. Lemiere, representing one of the accused, stated to the Court that his client would plead guilty. He said that there were about one hundred shops in Shanghai selling these lotteries, which had been sanctioned by the Peking Government.

* * *

Plans to hold a series of 12 lectures on advertising and subjects on general publicity work in China were formulated last night when the Advertising Club of China met at the Carlton Cafe. These lectures will be twice monthly and be open to all foreign and Chinese residents interested in publicity work in China.

* * *

The Ling-Nan Weekly, a publication popular among the Cantonese community, has brought out a "Victory" number. The paper came into existence only three months ago but is said to have already gained a circulation of 10,000.

* * *

The wedding of Mr. Hu Yoeh-chang, son of Mr. Hu Lan-sung of the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., and Miss Zee Pai-yue, daughter of Mr. Zee Tsung-jun, was solemnised yesterday at the Yih Ping Shan Hotel.

* * *

The Chin Woo Athletic Association, 73 Baikal Road, will hold its sixth graduation exercises Sunday at 2 o'clock at the Hankow Road Theater. This will also be made the occasion for the celebration of the Allies' victory. All Allies are welcome and tickets of admission may be secured from Mr. C. C. Nieh, Heng Foong Cotton Manufacturing Co., 1 and 2 Hwashing Road. One hundred members of the association and ten schools will participate in a demonstration of the Chinese art of self-defense. Mr. Nieh as President of the organisation will give the annual report on the work done in Chinese physical culture. Addresses will also be delivered by prominent Chinese. String and brass bands will play during intervals.

* * *

A number of valuable idols in the temple of 10,000 idols at Peihai, Peking, were destroyed by fire Sunday. The conflagration originated from cigarette saubs left by the troops from Jehol.

* * *

Fifteen British Labor Supervisors capable of speaking the Compo and Shanghai dialects are required by the British Government for service in Mesopotamia. Full particulars about the positions may be obtained from Major C. M. Manners, R. E., 20 Kukiang Road.

* * *

Nine members of the American Relief Corps for Siberia left Tokio for Vladivostok November 11.

* * *

President Wilson Street is the name that has been given to Rue de la Banque-Bankovskaia, Hankow. The official ceremony took place at the intersection of the new road and the French and Russian Bunds and was attended by the American Consul-General and the Allied Consuls, the Commandant of the U. S. gunboat Quiros, the Presidents of the British and Japanese municipal councils and members of the French and Russian Municipal Councils. A detachment from the Russian and American Volunteers and Annamites acted as guards of honor.

Wilson To Be In Europe Only For Short Time

Is Expected To Attend But First Few Sessions Of Peace Conference

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 17.—President Wilson's sojourn in Europe will be very brief. He will attend only the opening sittings of the Peace Conference. It is not expected that the real business of settling peace preliminaries can be commenced before the end of November, as there is an enormous amount of preliminary work to be done before the Entente diplomatists begin formal discussions.

CONGRATULATIONS TO KING

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 17.—The Press bureau has published congratulatory messages to the King on the termination of hostilities from all parts of the Empire, including Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa.

High Tribute Paid Retired Business Man

Mr. Salem S. David Receives Testimonial For Forty-Seven Years' Service

Mr. Salem S. David, who retired last Monday from the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. after forty-seven years of service, and who, with Mrs. David, expects to leave for Palestine early next year, was presented with a unique and striking testimonial of esteem by the local managers of the firm on the occasion of his retirement.

The testimonial refers to Mr. David's long and efficient service, both in India and China, paying high tribute to his ability, loyalty and his kindly and affable disposition and voicing the regret felt in parting with him.

It is interesting to recall that in 1912 the late Sir Jacob Sassoon, the senior partner of the firm, presented Mr. David with a gold engraved watch and chain in appreciation of his long service—then 36 years—with the company.

Mexican Currency Placed On Gold Basis

Shortage Of Silver Due To Exportation Of Coins Is Cause

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Mexico City, November 16.—Owing to the heavy exportation of silver coin a decree has been issued, placing the Mexican monetary system on a gold basis and ordering silver pieces to be coined with less silver.

Weekly Silver Report

London, November 16.—Messrs. Montagu's silver report states that the price of silver has fallen owing to the reduced war risk insurance rates. Shanghai exchange rate is easier. The Indian silver holding on November 7 was 3,109 lakhs, the highest since December 15, 1915, when it was 3,114 lakhs, but the note issue has more than doubled since then.

KING TO ST. PATRICK'S

The President of St. Patrick's Society has received the following telegram from London in reply to a congratulatory message sent to King George on the occasion of the Allied victory:

"It is with great pleasure that the King has received the loyal greetings of the members of St. Patrick's Society at Shanghai on the Empire's glorious victory and I am commanded to convey to you His Majesty's thanks.

"Stamfordham."

COMMITTEE MEET TODAY

The Executive Committee in charge of the American Thanksgiving Day program will meet at 5:15 p.m. today in the court room at the United States Consulate.

BRITAIN GIVES FRANCE 500,000 TONS OF SHIPS

One Third To Be Turned Over On Conclusion Of Hostilities

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 17.—It is semi-officially announced that Great Britain has agreed to cede to France half a million tons of British shipping, supplying one-third at the conclusion of hostilities, one-third during the year after the war and the remainder during the succeeding year.

Siccawei Weather Report

18.—Weather fine, dry and cold in the North; overcast or rainy in the South-northerly winds on our coasts. Cyclonic circulation in Mongolia. Moderate anticyclone in central China.

19.—Fine cold weather with heavy hoar frost. Thermometer reading below the freezing point.

Tuesday, November 19, 1918.

Weather	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at Centg., mm...	774.49	774.99
Bar. at Centg., inches.	30.49	30.51
Variation for mm 24h	†3.50	†1.36
Variation for mm 12h	†0.89	−0.45
Wind—Direction	N	N
Wind—Kilom per hour	11	18
Wind—Miles	6.8	11.2
Temperature—Cen ...	5°8	8°8
Temperature—Fah ...	42.4	47.9
Humidity co:	84	73
Nebulosity 5-10	0	10
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.
Iyo Maru .....Oct. 15
Eurybates .....Oct. 30
Sussex .....Nov. 1
Shidzuoka Maru .....Nov. 15
For Liverpool etc.
Glengyle ..... Oct. 14
For San Francisco
Nanking .....Oct. 27
Korea Maru .....Nov. 8
Ecuador .....Nov. 9
Siberia Maru .....Nov. 17
For Seattle
Katori Maru .....Oct. 29
For Tacoma
Javary .....Oct. 18
Manila Maru .....Oct. 29
Andes Maru .....Nov. 9
Justin .....Nov. 8
For Vancouver
Melville Dollar ..... Oct. 15
Stanley Dollar .....Nov. 14
Harold Dollar .....Nov. 17
For Port Said:
Kenkon Maru .....Nov. 4
For Genoa, etc:
Nippo Maru .....Nov. 3
For Marseilles:
Paul Lecat .....Nov. 17
Yesan Maru .....Nov. 17

HAEMORRHOIDS

Otherwise Piles, are aggravated by costiveness. In many cases when the constipation is dispelled by Pinkettes the Piles dry up and disappear.

PINKETTES

the dainty little gentle-as-nature laxatives, also cure Biliousness, sik headaches, torpid liver, foul-smelling breath and skin eruptions. Of chemists or 60 cents a vial, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Launch Services

Friday, November 22, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 12 noon.

Sunday, November 24, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the C.M. s.s. China will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 p.m.

Monday, November 25, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S. M. R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 p.m.

Friday, November 29, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

5

Yours very truly,

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SELF STARTING REMINGTON TYPEWRITER

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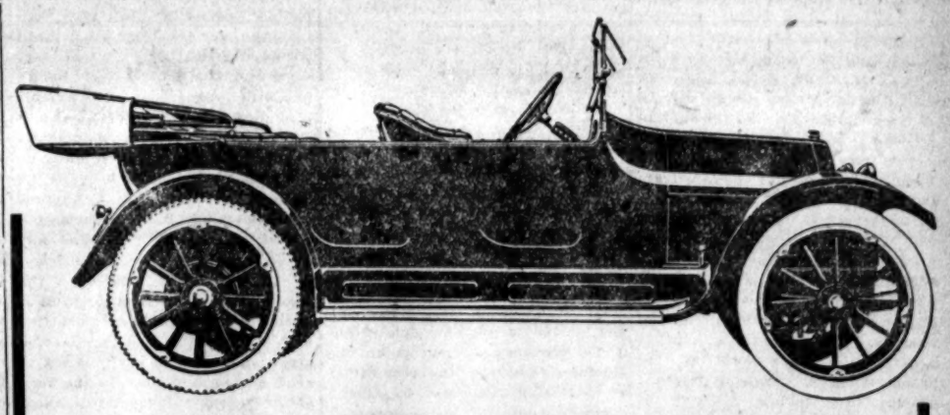
22 Museum Road, Shanghai.



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Model 90 is known as

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WEATHER

Cloudy, misty weather. Variable and moderate breezes.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOVEMBER 20, 1918

The Coming Civilisation

THOSE who are living in the present age have the privilege of passing through a period more fraught with meaning to the future of humanity than any previous one that history records. We are in the presence of a cosmic upheaval. None but the wilfully blind can fail to see the extent and enormity of the upheaval in Europe. Its reverberations are reaching the four corners of the world.

The crashing of dynasties in Europe forms but a part of the widespread procession of demolition of established institutions. It is a staggering thought that the greatest despotic system in the world—the Prussian autocracy—should have been swept into oblivion almost from one day to another so soon after the disappearance of Tsardom. The arrogant German Emperor is a fugitive from the rage and indignation of his own people. The abdication of Emperor Karl of Austria-Hungary is a fittting climax to the ill-starred history of the Hapsburgs. We do not hear much of King Ferdinand lately of Bulgaria, or of Constantine, lately of Greece, or of the Sultan of Turkey, but there can be little doubt that there will be no room in Europe for them. In Holland, Belgium and Denmark storms are clearly brewing. In Spain, too the fires of discontent are burning and this State may follow at any moment the example of her neighbor Portugal. Europe is fast being freed of kings and is trying to substitute republics, but the ever present danger is the replacement of the dying system by chaos and anarchy. The restlessness that is agitating the whole world at the present moment recalls a pregnant passage in Buckle's "History of Civilisation" which is worth quoting in full: "If the truth is very great as well as new, the harm is serious. Men are made uneasy; they flinch; they cannot bear the sudden light; a general restlessness supervenes; the face of society is disturbed, or perhaps convulsed; *old interests and old beliefs have been destroyed before new ones have been created. These symptoms are the precursors of revolution; they have preceded all the great changes through which the world has passed.*"

That is the situation in Europe which the Allies must confront. The hope lies in the sympathetic and far-sighted handling of the situation by the great democracies already in existence. They must help the new democracies. It is a happy augury for the future progress of the world that they are showing sympathy already even to the German peoples, who would have destroyed them. They are going to feed them, a fact that will stand to the everlasting credit of the Allied peoples and governments and will convince the German peoples that not Kaiser Wilhelm and his supporters, but the Allied democracies have put Christian principles into practice. The terms of the armistice are not harsh; they are very fair and not half so severe as the terms a victorious Germany would have exacted of the Allies. Their severity, if any, is only in the nature of safeguarding a hard-won victory, for the peace of the world and the freedom of humanity.

The Allied peoples, we believe, are determined that if the old order must go down, civilisation must not go down with it. Chaos, anarchy and starvation hold in their clutches the major portion of Europe today. Now that the work of destruction is complete, a great, new task confronts the Allies, that of reconstruction and restoration, a task infinitely important to the future peace and happiness of humanity.

Correspondence

The Disbandment Of China's So-called Army

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—These two words, reconciliation and peace, are everywhere uttered by the young and old, heard in thoroughfares and nooks and corners and by-places, and seen in dailies and magazines. After a succession of long, gloomy days which forms what may be denominated the period of dissension in the history of the Republic of China, their announcement seems to possess those soothing charms, peculiar to music, of unloading many a heavy heart of anxiety, dread and despair for the temporary entertainment of a throng of delicious sensations—ease, security and hope.

With the change of state of mind comes a change in physiognomy. Sad faces are expanding into hearty smile, knitted brows are unlocking themselves, as if we were entering the Era of Good Feeling. Dreams oftentimes produce on the mind delightful effects, but, when hallucinations dissipate themselves in consequence of the normal functioning of the sense organs in waking life, the dreamer invariably experiences a sensation akin to disappointment. The eager expectants of reconciliation between the North and South and peace in this land will have equal disappointment with the dreamer, when they see their expectation transmuted into vanity. In the view of one not acidulated with party spirit, the reconciliation is, to all appearance, a readjustment or division of interests between the two great factions of China, representing the pure Northern militarists and the mixed Southern republicans.

The legalisation by the Old Parliament of President Hsu Shih-chang, who has been elected by a mercenary crowd now honorably called the New Parliament; the amalgamation of the Old and the New Parliament on a principle similar to the Balance of Power of International Law, the creation of two or three Inspectors-General in the Southwest—all these newspaper reports of some truth tend to confirm this view. The negotiation of peace is, strictly speaking, forced from our government partly by the threatening foreign intervention from without and partly by the growing popular indignation from within at the continuance of the senseless internecine strife, and is very far from the wish of the bellicose party nominally headed by Tuan Chi-jui but really by Hsu Shu-chen.

Should the external and internal stimuli at last force the contemplated peace into realisation, its endurance and security are open to question in view of the presence in our midst of the mother of troubles—an army comprising a tuchunate in pomp and state and a soldiery of bandit origin with pilfering disposition. It begot in rapid succession the second revolution, Yuan Shih-k'ai's monarchical movement, the Tuchuns' rebellion, the restoration of the Manchu house by Chang Hsun, the head-strong suppression of the South; it has disorganised our inter-provincial commerce and overburdened China with foreign loans with the deplorable result that China, with precarious life and palpable death, is, as it were, lying in her death-bed groaning and suffering from the wounds it has inflicted. It is no exaggeration to symobilse it to a cancer that has eaten into the vitals of China. From any point of view there is no sufficient justification for its existence. It must go and that at once, lest its lingering should accelerate the Koreanisation of China. As, before a murderer pays the penalty of his crime on the gallows, a jury must be selected to inquire into the indictment submitted and to render their verdict according to the evidence legally adduced, so, prior to the disbandment of our army, it is necessary that we should consider seriously if our army is an army in the strict sense of the word, if it, in case of emergency, can adequately serve the ends and purposes for which it is maintained, and if an army of tremendous magnitude is an imperious necessity nowadays.

An army is defined as "a collection of troops of all arms formed into brigades and divisions, placed under the orders of one commander, with a general and special staff and administrative departments; provided with all necessary war materials, and destined to act offensively and defensively against the enemy." This defination explains in a nutshell the composition and purposes of an army. From the hundreds of millions of dollars expended by the Ministry of War these seven years and the host of marshals created, one can assert with assurance that there must be at least something in the formation of our army that approaches to what is called army organisation. We, readers of foreign newspapers, however, have often had occasion to observe to our mortification that, whenever foreign journalists comment upon our army, they almost always describe it as mob or rabble. At first sight this contumelious epithet is apt to excite a patriotic heart to revolt, but, after a moment's reflection, it often incites an inquisitive mind to inquire: Is this shaft of sarcasm a random shot or is it for an intended aim?

In consideration of the relations of friendship and understanding which happily exist between us and our friendly nations, there can hardly be any occasion of war. If, for instance, a certain neighboring power, spurred by rapacity should, in defiance of international morality, encroach upon our sovereignty, could, I would ask for curiosity's sake, our army rise to the occasion by acting defensively against the enemy? No one is better qualified to answer this question than General Tuan Chi-jui, the warlike Director of the Bureau of Participation of War. Either he satisfies us direct or we turn for the gratification of our curiosity to the great prevalence of brigandage within our confines—an index to the impotency of our soldiery.

The mighty has fallen with the destruction of militarism of the Central Powers (now powerless) and in its wake goes the arbitrary rule "might is right." Under the League of Nations proposed by President Wilson, an international safeguard for the free development of small, weak nations, we, if we behave ourselves, need not stand in fear of such an ultimatum as one of our "friendly nations" did recently wantonly and insultingly hurl at us. Now that the irresistible forces of evolution and inspiring influences of peace are paving the way for the open espousal of the cause of the President of U.S.A., we have every reason to expect the advent of a period for the equalisation of states. In the atmosphere of guaranteed security and international peace, the maintenance of a huge assemblage of armed men in any country, even for defensive purpose, will not only invite the suspicion of its neighbors, but also drain its treasure and hamper its industry.

So much for its impotency and needlessness; now as to its menace to our internal tranquility. In the noted democracies of the world, public opinion, the people's representative, rules supreme. It stands behind and above the legally constituted government and all political parties, shaping their course and superintending their polices. Before its awful presence all make humble obeisance. But in China, also a democracy, militarism dominantly and saliently lords it. It owes no submission to law; it pays no homage to authority; it spurns public opinion; it snaps its fingers at the will of people. It bows only to ambition and avarice. Suffice it to say, the opening chapter of the history of our New Regime is full of iniquities more or less associated with the military; and they are too green and vivid in our memory to need a recapitulation. In the view of the economist, anything which affords no satisfaction to any consumer or aids in the production of other goods, when its utilities are destroyed, is a waste. If any army, incapable of repelling inroads and suppressing brigandage, is but serviceable to a few military chieftains for self-aggrandisement, we have an example of menace. A menace must at all hazards be eliminated, as must be trees which do not produce good fruits quickly hewn down and thrown into the fire.

It is estimated that, with the solitary exception of police, we have approximately 1,500,000 men-at-arms (including the constabulary forces under the various civil governors) throughout the length and breadth of China. A big crowd! To be honest with ourselves and frank with all, we should confess that a portion may be trained into guardians of public peace and the majority are the chaff of society driven into the rank and file by the bitterest blasts of hunger and poverty. With this in view we, in disbanding them, must act upon the doctrine of gathering wheat into the store-house and burning up the chaff in unquenchable fire, that is to say, drawing from the 1,500,000 a draft sufficient for organising a small, decent army and reorganising our police forces and bidding farewell to the genuine rabble. With aid of a militia and a reorganised police system, proposed elsewhere in this article, 40 divisions, a little more than one-fourth of the strength of our existing army, will afford a decent competency of protection, if they are composed of men physically fit and mentally bright, and commanded by officers versed in the art of war. To guard against the baleful influences of army on politics, they are to be distributed at the various strategical points and forts along the frontiers and coasts. In time of peace, they are to be taught, besides regular instruction, discipline and drill, a handicraft to prevent them from becoming bandits when out of service.

As already mentioned, our police system needs reorganisation, nay, a thorough clearance. A good beginning will be made in this connection, if the remainder of the draft, say, 300,000 men are substituted for those who, with half-dreaming countenances, stooping shoulders, batons in hands, are more like, as Irving would say, scarecrows eloped from cornfields than preservers of order. Of course, much more is to be done besides this in accomplishing this reorganisation, but, as a discussion of the necessary ways and means would be a digression from the subject, the writer refrains from going into all the details.

In discarding the majority of the 800,000, provision must be made for the satisfaction of their existence wants; otherwise the robber's stronghold, the thief's den and the beggary will be their rallying-places. With a provision of $50 paid by way of a gratuity of five month's wages, they, upon furnishing a satisfactory guarantee to live within the law, may be allowed to live as hawkers or peddlers in the jurisdiction of their respective magistrates; or employed for the improvement of the grand canal and for the reclamation of the vast waste of land in Manchuria and Mongolia. $40,000,000 is indeed a tremendous sum, but it represents only two-ninth of the annual expenditure for an army of 1,500,000 men at $120 per capita.

As a supplement to the army and police, it is proposed that our Parliament, the coming Parliament, enact an act ordaining that a militia be created on the basis of the National Guard of the United States of America. For its maintenance, let our Parliamentarians, on the one hand, grant an annual appropriation and let us, on the other hand, make a better use of the funds raised for the up-keep of such eleemosynary institutions in our cities as are doing a work analogous to the state distribution of corn in Rome in the days of yore—institutions worthy of no other name than "nursery of laziness." To no better account could the officers of the disbanded army be turned than to employ them for the training of the militia. Militia, a body of citizens, bound to the government by interests, lives, and property, is not easily exploited as a cat's-paw by rash revolutionists or ambitious crown hunters.

Here are a few words for our Inspectors General, Tuchuns, division-commanders, who by this arrangement may feel dreary and desolate in the solitude of their spacious palaces, having no politics to play, no civil war to prosecute: In industry you will find a field for your activities. Our rivers and lakes, navigable for thousands of miles; our mountains, rich in natural resources and favorable for the plantation of trees; our cities, lying inaccessible; our fields, teeming with fertility—all these are opportunities for promoting steamship companies, mining corporations, lumber companies, railways and agriculture. You are sons of Fortune. Civil wars have made you millionaires; industry will make you multi-millionaires.

It should be understood that to seek self-aggrandisement in civil wars with the blood of soldiers—our brethren, is the worst example of cruelty; to promote industry so as to give thousands or millions a subsistence is the best form of charity. The European war having ended, it is worth while to make a tour around the world to study the conditions of foreign industry and commerce; and, during your sojourn, never fail to call upon Marshal Foch, General Haig, General Pershing and General Diaz to learn from them how to apply the science of war to the defense of the Motherland against the enemy. Such study, such learning will extend the scope of your observations and enlarge your stock of knowledge. I am not joking, but in fact my sense of humor is paralysed by grief at the hopelessness of conditions in China, which would make a born jester shed many a tear.

By the way, Mr. Editor, let us give three cheers and a tiger as an addition to the celebration of Democracy's victory over autocracy, militarism, submarinism, which have wrought immense havoc among "the accumulated treasures of age" of Europe. But what will our country-men and friends do in the emancipation of poor China from the thraldom of military tyranny? Thanking you fervently for your valuable space. I remain, Yours truly,

W. C. PIEN.

Chinkiang, November 16, 1918.

Japanese Publicists Give Views Regarding Armistice

Below is a translated synopsis of the views expressed by some Japanese publicists regarding the signing of the treaty of armistice between the Allies and Germany:

Germany now finds herself in a position which brooks no delay in suing for peace at any price, says Baron Shibusawa, and it will be only natural that in discussing the terms of peace to be imposed on Germany the Allied countries should try to obtain as advantageous terms as possible for themselves. Although nothing is known as to the line or policy to be followed by Japan at the peace conference there are two points which should be borne in mind by the Japanese Government in taking part on the peace board. In the first place, it will be necessary for Japan to acquire a superior position in China so that her economic independence in that country may be guaranteed. As to the extension of Japanese interests in Siberia and the South Seas as is claimed by some it will be of secondary importance. With regard to the imperative nature of Japan's position in China it is admitted by impartial American and other foreign publicists and it will be necessary for Japan to work steadily toward the realisation of this object.

Line Of Demarcation

Secondly, continues Baron Shibusawa, there can be little doubt that the surrender of Germany and the destruction of Prussian militarism and the consequent popular dissemination of democratic ideas in the world will no doubt be looked at askance by the Japanese military clique. At the same time Japan should be prepared that America, which is championing the cause of democracy so earnestly, may try to put a check to Japan's military preparations. It should be borne in mind, however, that though military extension for aggressive purposes is wrong the keeping of armament at a certain state of efficiency for the puropose of national defense is quite necessary for the preservation of the independence of a country. It will, however, be a very difficult matter to decide where the line of demarcation should be drawn and the realisation of such things as a triple alliance among Great Britain, America and Japan and a League of Nations will become necessary.

Shimada's Views

Mr. Saburo Shimada, prominent member of the Kenseikai and former President of the House of Representatives, remarks that the fate that has befallen Germany may be said as a natural outcome of the reckless adventure on which she had embarked and it is a matter for congratulation for the sake of the peace of the world and the happiness of mankind that Germany has been brought to her knees. One of the reasons that have brought Germany to her present sad plight must be that the autocratic government at the head of the German administration has been following a policy of secrecy regarding the progress of the war as in everything else contrary to the publication of clear, ungarbled facts as has been done by the Allies. The consequence was that the German people were never rightly informed about the progress of the war with the result that they have been living either in a fool's paradise or in a state of dreadful insecurity.

Germany's Reaction

It is only natural in these circumstances that a very strong reaction should occur among the German people when the real state of affairs became known to them. It must be confessed that although Japan is one of the Allies her people have not failed to evince the same amount of enthusiasm as in other Allied countries. There may be various reasons for this phenomenon and the principal one must be the policy of secrecy after the German fashion resorted to by the Terauchi Cabinet. It should be attributed to the same cause that many Japanese do not understand the reason which necessitated Japan to undertake intervention in Siberia and are quite indifferent to the result of the expedition. The destruction of Prussian militarism will no doubt serve as a valuable object lesson to some Japanese, who it is to be hoped, will profit by the lesson.

Not Crushed Entirely

Dr. Shiozawa, professor at Waseda University, says that the abandonment of Alsace-Lorraine by Germany will undoubtedly prove a great economic blow to her as these provinces are known as important industrial centers. No less serious a blow to Germany will be the abandonment of her colonies which means the decline of German trade and industries. It must not be supposed, however, that Germany will be crushed beyond all hope of resuscitation by the terms of peace to be inflicted on her; it is quite certain that time will come when she will lift her head again sooner or later.

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Bringing Up Father By George McManus

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SHE WON'T BE ANGRY WHEN I GIT HOME - THIS MONEY WILL PLEASE HER SO!
BY GOLLY! IT'S RAININ' - SO DINTY'S OUTIN' IS OFF - THAT'S TOO BAD-
BY GOLLY - THIS IS A TICKLISH JOB!
Z Z Z Z Z Z
8-31
GEO MCMANUS

Keeping Up On The Magazines

Hate

Here are some significant paragraphs from an article in The Atlantic Monthly by Horace J. Bridges:

"Hatred, within the limits of the purpose of ending this war and all war—hatred for the very sake of the better nature buried under the demonism of the enemy—is not merely tolerable, but is our bounden duty. For the circumstances are such that our only chance of contributing to the release of the true and better self of our enemies is to make manifest to them the immitigable anger provoked in us by their deeds and by themselves as authors of those deeds. Such hatred is quite distinct from the blind lust of revenge, for the reason that its end is not the mere infliction upon the enemy of such savageries as he has perpetrated upon others, nor is it his annihilation. The end is such a physical victory over him as will render him impotant to pursue the course that has fired the world with a just hatred; and, to this end, the infliction upon him of so much injury as that end itself necessitates.

"When the wild beast has been caged so that he can no longer burn, poison, rape and destroy, his own reflections upon the universal devastation he has provoked, his own perception of the impossibility of his being readmitted to the fellowship of nations while he remains identified with the seven devils that possess him, will be the necessary prelude to the change of heart that would make forgiveness and restoration possible. In this process of the spiritual redemption of Germany, hatred of the wrong and the wrong doers is a necessary factor.

"The impossible pretence of loving the spirit which is expressed and embodied in the deeds we hate is a sickly and sickening sentimentality; it is, to return to Emerson's phrase, 'the gospel of love pulling and wining,' and therefore it needs to be counteracted by the doctrine of a just hatred."

After Forty Years

Ilya

Count Ilya Tolstoy recounts in The Century Magazine incidents of his last visit to his mother, at Yasnaya Polyana, before he left Russia several months ago to go to America:

"My mother was waiting for me at the top of the stairway. Although seventy-four years old, still she is in good health, active, erect, with hair not entirely gray.

"'I knew that you would come, and I was expecting you,' she said in greeting me. 'Do you wish a cup of tea?'

"'Yes,' I answered.

"The same large samovar that I remember for forty years was boiling on the table. Nothing had been changed. I felt that everything has remained as it had been for forty years. The only difference was that the door leading to my father's rooms was closed, and I felt that it would never open, that I never again would see in its frame the form of an old man dressed in a long, gray blouse, with large, gray eyes looking from under thick and drooping eyebrows. His eyes were so penetrating that it was impossible to stand his gaze for any length of time. I always felt that he could see the depths of my soul. I could see his eyes looking at me now from Repin's portrait of him. Still, they are not quite his. No brush in the world could paint the living power of those eyes.

"The life in Russia at the present time is very difficult for every one, including my mother. . . Not more than two weeks before my visit a mob of peasants—women, girls and children from three surrounding villages—broke into our orchard and for three consecutive days stripped the trees of apples. The very day of my arrival the gardener came to my mother and told her that her cabbages had been stolen from the garden. Such lawlessness oppressed my mother. She did not wish to violate the principles which my father had held and preached, therefore she was unwilling to summon the police, the only aid to which she could resort. All this troubled her greatly.

"The material side of life has other difficulties for her also. She had enough wheat to last only a few weeks. She is not able to buy it in other places, because of a new law in Russia that does not allow transportation of wheat from one place to another. Although her household is not large, still she feels obliged to maintain some of her old servants, who have been in the house for more than thirty years. She cannot dismiss them because they are bound to our family by mutual love and attachment.

"It is true that she could leave her home and live in the city, but she fears to do so. She fears to leave this house, where everything is full of the memory of her great husband. So she remains there as a faithful guard over his rooms, his library, and his relics. All this is precious not only to her and our family, but also to every Russian.

"While I was speaking with my mother my sister and aunt entered the room. The conversation then became general. When I told them I was on my way to America they all envied me. They asked me many questions about my last visit to America. In Russia, where now there is such a chaos of ideas, of political parties, and such a constantly changing current of thought, the organised and orderly life of America seems to be unattainable and unbelievable."

THE BOCHE---A French War Tale

By Edmond Haraucourt

(Translated by William L. McPherson in the New York Tribune)

Here is a vivid and biting study in German psychology. The world has never had a fair chance to know the German. Until this war came he had not shown himself on a gigantic scale in his true colors. Now he stands out in abhorrent nakedness.

The German either cringes or terrorises. It is not in him to do otherwise. The one-eyed Feldwebel Fritz of this story is a true type. He is "echt deutsch." There are millions of him, equally odious in their two moods of ferocity and servility. But Fritz and his like will never fool the world again.

I beg of you—I beg of you—don't make me recount the miseries and horrors of my captivity—the reprisals camp, the punishments, Bocheland and the Boches, their inventions for torturing without danger to themselves poor devils without any means of defense.

I don't want to live all that over again. I don't want to recall that it existed, that it still exists, or that it is possible for it to exist in this world.

Ah! Those vile beasts! I, who have been through it, grow furious when I hear people in this country, who have never been cured of the habit of wheedling, say between two glasses of beer that the Germans are men just like other men, and that we ought to extend a hand to them because they are brothers.

Our brothers! I can stand everything but that. They have the appearance of men. They wear on their faces a resemblance to humans, just as one wears a gas mask. But at bottom there is not and there never will be anything in common between them and us, anymore than there is between a dog and a cat. The Boche is an animal, at the same time ferocious and fawning, who will do you as many services as you wish if he has anything to gain by it. But beware, if he ever becomes master and takes off his mask!

I have known one of them thoroughly; and perhaps you have known him, too, superficially; for before the war he was a cafe waiter here in Paris. He served you beer on the terrace of a boulevard cafe and you called him Frederic. He told me that himself.

But at the camp at——he was called Fritz, Feldwebel Fritz Schaffer. And he had a way of recalling his former profession. On all possible occasions he struck us on the back of the neck with his whip, crying out: "Well drawn!" He pushed back the left corner of his mouth and exposed a long tooth, like that of a dog who is going to bite. And his little eye, which he thrust under your nose! For he had only one eye, his left one, having lost the other in the marshes of St. Gond. And with the only pupil which remained—a pupil sea green, edged about with yellow—he glared at you with concentrated hate.

There was something really extraordinary about that eye—something which inspired fear. Yes, fear! I don't deny that. I have seen death very close at hand. I have set out in a wave of assault. I have charged machine-guns. I have used the bayonet. And I have smoked my pipe under a rain of shells.

One gets used to everything. But I never got used to Fritz Schaffer's eye. I never felt so near the peril of death as before that odious socket of a filmy eye which he used to thrust under mine.

How could I describe it? A tiny lake of poison, of poison without antidote, a little pool alive with perfidy, servility, malice, and even fear. For, if I was afraid, I made him afraid also. That was easy to see.

After striking me with his whip Fritz cast his eye at me in scorn, hoping that I would stick a finger in it. That would have permitted him to have me shot later by a squad, or even to put a bullet through my brains on the spot. But the desire which he had to provoke a gesture or a word of insubordination on my part did not hide the fear which I saw trembling in the depths of that villainous cavity. Puh! The disgusting eye of that waiter-executioner! Spare me the recollection of it. I have seen it too much.

The rest was very simple. If I tried to escape it was chiefly in order not to see him any longer. I felt that a day or a moment might come when I could no longer contain myself—when I might do something fatally rash. One is not always a wooden image. The feldwebel had evidently decided to take me in hand. Perhaps just because I had remained master of myself, he had decided to drive me to desperation. He wanted to have my skin.

There was a sort of duel between us. He, armed with his whip, his stripes and his eye. I, armed with my patience. I kept repeating to myself: "You must endure it, old fellow. If you want to see your own country again, your boy, your wife and your home, submit to that evil eye. Make no false step."

At the end of five months I could stand it no longer. Better a bullet from a sentinel than a dozen balls from a firing squad. Moreover, I ran a chance of getting away.

Fortune favored me. I was able to reach our lines. I rejoined my depot. Or, rather, I went to the hospital; for I brought back from Bocheland some kind of malignant fever which had to be treated. And in my nightmares I saw again Fritz's eye, green, filmy, brackish—a pool of stagnant waters, deep enough to drown in, with rank grass and rushes, with tadpoles and leeches, among which I swam and floundered, stretching out my legs, swallowing stale mouthfuls of the scummy fluid. Why make me repeat all that? I am soon going to bed and I shall dream of it all over again to-night.

I hoped, moreover, never to see it again except in dreams—that accursed eye of the feldwebel. But war brings surprises such as one never reads of in the romances of the feuilletons. It had one in store for me.

Apparently attacks in compact masses, followed by "strategical retreats," have decimated the forces of the Kaiser. The fact is that Germany has for some time past been rummaging in the depths of her bureaus for material with which to meet the Americans who are arriving. Everybody who has still one eye is being taken from the rear and sent to the front.

Fritz Schaffer arrived there. But he didn't remain long. Scarcely had he appeared in the pocket at Moisans, heading "Nach Paris," when he was taken prisoner. "Kamerad! Kamerad!" At the head of a section surrendering itself, what do I see? Fritz's eye.

He recognised me at once. Perhaps you believe that the executioner, finding himself suddenly face to face, nose to nose, with his victim, straightened up defiantly? Or that he flinched and begged for mercy? Or, at the least, that he showed some sense of shame! Not at all. He smiled complacently as if he had just met an old comrade, and said to me:

"Ah! It is you. That is fine. Do you know that your escape cost me fifteen days in the guard-house? But I don't hold that up against you. War is war."

He held out his hand to me and gazed at me with his eye. Humble and gentle, caressing, with hardly a trace of timidity, but already affectionate and almost tender, his single pupil turned toward the good patron whom it hasn't seen since the night before and is charmed to see now.

"What can I serve Monsieur?" In the turn of a hand the torturer became the cafe waiter again. Fritz's eye was no longer a sea of poison, but a little glass of cordial, deliciously cut with a layer of absinthe, slightly lukewarm, but sugared to perfection. Boum! Take a sip!

What would you have done in my place? He disgusted me so that all my bitterness vanished. I made no answer. I turned my back on him. He stood there dumfounded. A blow with a whip across the face—he would have understood that. The muzzle of my revolver at his temple would not have astonished him. But a man who does not take revenge when he has the power to do so, who doesn't strike when he is master—what does that mean?

Those fellows know only two kinds of existence. They are either waiters or hangmen. Take your choice. Be one or other or both in turn. As for Frenchmen who don't know how to be one or the other, they think we are neither fish nor fowl.

When I turned around again I saw Fritz, standing erect, and still trying to understand the situation. He had not budged from his place.

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ESTIMATES—FREE

CHANG TSO-LIN TROOPS TERRORISE RAILWAY

Northern Bandit Tuchun's Ruffians Play Havoc With Peking-Mukden Railway

China Press Correspondence

Lanhsien, Chihli, November 14.—The so-called soldiers of Chang Tso-lin, the robber baron, find the Peking-Mukden line an interesting plaything. A few days ago a party of some six soldiers under the command of a lieutenant arrived at Shanhaikuan, traveling on their own car attached to one of the regular trains of the line. At Chinchow, some 4 hours' outside the Great Wall, the train had been 1½ hours late, but it pulled into Shanhaikuan 2¼ hours ahead of schedule! The ruffian soldiers had stood over the engineer with revolvers and compelled him to pass all small stations without stopping, and to increases in speed to suit their fancy. Luckily the telegraph operators were able to keep an open line for them and so no wreck resulted.

Arriving at Shanhaikuan they ran into an obstacle in the person of Traffic Inspector Ritchie. He cut their car off and left it standing in the yard. This infuriated them, and with drawn revolvers they demanded that their car be put back on, else they would shoot everybody in sight. But Inspector Ritchie was not to be bluffed; he told them he had cut the car off and wouldn't put it back on; and if they wanted to shoot to fire ahead. But the station master and other Chinese railway officials were scared out of their wits and begged that the car be put back on and so send these disturbers of the peace quietly out of town; and in the end they did so. Mr. Ritchie wired ahead to T'angshan asking that the American soldiers stationed there arrest the whole bunch and send them to Peking for courtmartial. Similar word was also wired to Tientsin. But railway headquarters in Tientsin sent out word not to disturb them lest they start to shooting and cause serious trouble; so they went straight though to Fengt'ai just below Peking. So long as these marauders can carry through such high-handed tactics as this it is small wonder that they think they and their robber-chief are important members of society.

A few weeks ago a small military officer got a special train for himself and escort which he insisted on running ahead of the regular through night train from Peking to Mukden. At T'angku and other places the station master was compelled at the point of rifles to stand on the track and hold back the through train till the special was ready to proceed. But arriving at T'angshan the courageous foreign traffic inspector yanked their train off onto a siding and allowed the through train to go on its way one and a half hours late. Now that Germany is swallowing the medicine that is to make her safe for democracy it would seem high time that something be done to establish safety and sanity in China.

COOLIES BACK FROM FRANCE

China Press Correspondence

Tsinan, November 15.—The first of the coolies recruited by the British government in Shantung to return from France arrived in Tsingtao last week, and went to their several homes from points on the Tsinan-Tsingtao Railway. They comprised a total of three hundred men who had been sent home on account of sickness or physical disability. They were all enthusiastic about France, and seemed to be perticularly enthusiastic regarding the treatment they had received while in service. All the men who returned were filled with memories of German aeroplanes, and the large numbers of German prisoners which they saw. Some of the coolies were suffering from injuries received as a result of the German air raids.

THOUSANDS DYING FROM INFLUENZA IN CHIHLI

30,000 To 40,000 Are Reported Dead In One District Alone

China Press Correspondence

Lanhsien, Chihli Prov., November 14.—In the Tsunhua region, several days northwest from here, it is reported that thirty or forty thousand have died from the epidemic of influenza. At P'inganch'engtzu, a small city of about 3,000, over 200 have died. At Chiench'angying, a city of about the same size just inside the Great Wall, over 250 have died. The Chinese say that the farther north it goes the worse it is. At Jehol it is reported there are sixty or seventy deaths per day. In the neighborhood of Ch'anglihsien and Shanhaikuan the worst of the epidemic seems to be past, thought many are still sick and dying.

DR. ANDERSON'S DEATH SADD.NS COMMUNITY

Had Won Esteem Of Associates And Confidence Of Chinese At Yangchow

China Press Correspondence

Yangchow, November 14.—A meeting held at the Assembly Hall of Mahan School, in this city, on the afternoon of the 13th inst., to give thanks and rejoice for the advent of peace, was followed immediately by the sad news of the death by drowning of Dr. John T. Anderson of the Yangchow Baptist Hospital. Dr. Anderson had left home on the evening of the 12th, proceeding to Chinkiang to take the night train to Shanghai When crossing the Yangtsze, about midstream, the small boat on which he was traveling was run down by a river steamer; the boat was broken, and all on board fell into the water.

Dr. Anderson, who had been standing in the bow of the boat making efforts to attract the notice of the steamer, was knocked into the water, and was so separated from the others that they could not rescue him, and apparently the accident wholly escaped the notice of the officers of the steamer. The boatmen and Dr. Anderson's servant were not separated by the impact from their broken boat and clung to it and managed to reach the reeds on the riverside, where they remained until aid could be had in the morning, and then reported the matter in Chinkiang.

This sad occurrence has deeply affected our city. Dr. Anderson had been in China only about two years, and in Yangchow only about a year; but in that time his deep Christian character and attractive personality had endeared him to all the foreigners, and his skill as a physician had already brought him the high esteem of the Chinese. He had been in sole charge of the hospital since September when his associate, Dr. Richard Taylor, left for service in Siberia; and the hospital, which serves a very large section of the country, is left without a physician.

Dr. Anderson was a native of South Carolina, U.S.A. He leaves a young widow and infant son, for whom the deepest sympathy is felt.

LANGKAT OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received from the Sumatra Director and Manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat.

The output of crude oil for the week ended the 17th inst. was 284 tons.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1918

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Ba.
Today							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00					21.00
Wenchow	Kiangchi	11.00					11.00
Swatow	Esang	0.00	10.00				9.30
Peking and Tsin (Every da	ain		5.00				17.00
Tsin (Daily except Sunda			5.00				
Hankow			7.00				
Ningpo			5.00				
Tomorrow							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00					21.00
Amoy and Hongkong			1.00				
Amoy, Hongkong and Canto	unning	10.3					10.0
Swatow	Paoting	11.00	11.00				10.30
Swatow	Tamedi	11.00	11.00				10.3
Friday, November 22.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00					21.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shuntien	9.00					8.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Kingsing	21.00					21.00
Japan Ports	Yawata maru	18.00	17.00				17.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin			9.00				
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin			17.00				
Sunday, November 24.							
P'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, anada U.S.A. & Europe via U.S.A			A16.00				
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	China	14.30					14.00

A Registration 5 p.m. on previous day.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. the Russian Post Office.

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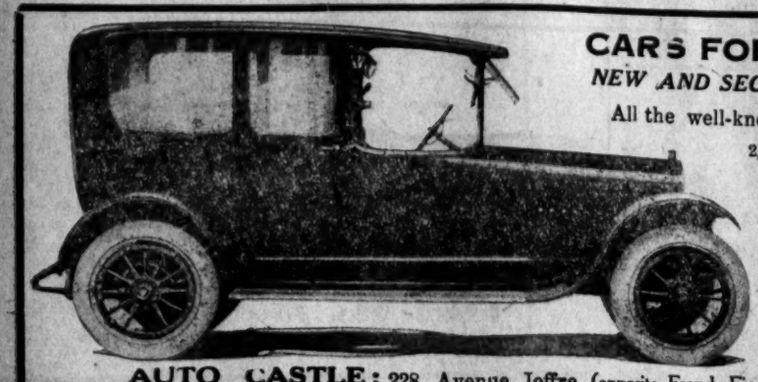

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TIME TABLE

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0000 — Midnight, 1330 — 1230 p.m.

July 1st, 1917 and until further notice

Mail 101 B. S.	Mail 3. B. S.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. S.
2055	835	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1950	1020
2345	1117	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1955	1700	720
2340	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1650	710
000	1125	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2300	524	arr. Mukden dep	230	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. S.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. S.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1612
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	—	1655	1602
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1631	1547
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1221
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	936
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	640
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1812
1099	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—		arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1315	048	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1556	316	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1038
1816	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:	10.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2007
1156	833	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1958	1442
1206	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1657	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	728

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. . .	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1420	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	755	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line					
930	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1125	1858	628	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	702	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.	STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	18.25	17.15	22.00	PEKING dep.	..	..	..	..	..	8.35		..
SOOCHOW dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	18.15	19.20	1.08	TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	..	..	..	11.40		..
WUSIH dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.20	2.10	CENTRAL dep.	..	..	..	..	..	12.00		..
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.08	16.48	..	21.25	3.10	TSINANFU dep.	..	..	..	..	..	20.27		..
TANYANG dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.41	..	..	..	PUKOW arr.	..	..	..	..	..	12.56		..
CHINKIANG dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.22	..	..	5.06									
NANKING arr.	11.19	*14.15	16.20	19.20	19.50	..	..	6.50	NANKING dep.	..	..	7.20	8.00	11.45	*14.20	18.35	23.00
									CHINKIANG dep.	..	..	8.00	10.10	13.20	16.06	18.16	1.08
PUKOW dep.	..	15.30							TANYANG dep.	..	..	9.36	10.39	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
TSINANFU dep.	..	8.15							CHANGCHOW dep.	7.00	..	10.34	12.16	15.08	17.39	20.20	3.06
TIENTSIN arr.	..	16.29							WUSIH dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	13.36	16 00	18.29	..	4.11
CENTRAL dep.	..	16.55							SOOCHOW dep.	9.35	8.08	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.13
PEKING arr.	..	19.50							SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.20	19.00	21.00	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS dep.	8.30	8.10	10.30	13.15	14.40	16.20	18.10	19.55	21.30	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.25	14.00	15.30	17.20	19.10	20.45
KIANGWAN dep	7.17	8.57	11.17	13.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.22	21.57	KIANGWAN dep	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	19.21	20.56
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	7.35	8.45	11.35	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.05	WOOSUNG FORTS arr.	6.45	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19.45	21.30

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Soochow dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.30	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.53*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Songkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashi dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.58	18.49	....
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehsah dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.00
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.32
Yehsah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.23
Kashi dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Songkiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.		*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.36*	*14.09*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	
Shanghai South arr.		*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10 20	11.36	14.09	....	17.18	18.20	....
Soochow dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.00	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	7.00	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	6 15	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.25	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	6 27	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.37	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	6.46	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7 50	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

RESTRICTIONS LIFTED ON U.S. INDUSTRIES

Fifty Percent Concession Is Made For Large Number Of Products

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 17.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—First in the national readjustment from war to peace, the War Industries Board has announced modifications of the restrictions on the manufacture and construction of articles non-essential to the war. All industries whose peace time output was curtailed in the interest of the nation's program are permitted to increase their output by fifty percent of the restrictions ordered by the Board. All restrictions also are removed on the development of farms, railroads and public utilities.

The forty-two industries affected by the modification of the curtailments include automobiles, agricultural implements, farm equipment, heating and cooking appliances, boilers, radiators, family sewing machines, electric vacuum cleaners, metal beds, cots, couches, bunks, metal springs, linoleum and rag and felt floor coverings, black galvanised and enameled utensils, talking machines and accessories, baby carriages, corsets, bicycles, sporting goods, refrigerators, washing machines, clothes wringers, ice cream freezers, bottles, jars, tin plates, pottery, lawn mowers, electric fans, padlocks, scales and balances, rat and animal traps, hand-stamping and marking devices, pocket knives and similar products, road machinery, builders hardware, cash registers, pneumatic automobile tires.

The Board has also removed restrictions on the use of gold and silver for domestic and industrial purposes.

Mulhausen En Fete For French Entry

General Of Alsatian Extraction Leads Conquering Force Into Redeemed City

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 18.—It was on Sunday, at noon, that the French troops made their entry into Mulhausen, under the command of General Hirschauer, who is a native of Mulhausen and therefore wished to lead the march past in person.

The detachments of infantry, cavalry and engineers received an enthusiastic welcome from the population, who cheered the glorious colors of the 344th Regiment of Infantry. The procession, which included the veterans' societies and the municipal band, marched through the town to the docks, where they were reviewed. A brief reception was held afterwards at the Town Hall where the deputy mayor saluted the arrival of the garrison of Mulhausen and affirmed the loyalty of the town to the French Motherland. General Hirschauer, replying, recalled his Alsatian extraction and conjured up the memory of the old Frenchmen, such as his father, who sleep their last sleep under the soil of Alsace. At the end of this reception, the town of Mulhausen addressed the following message to the French Government:

"The town of Mulhausen liberated, sends to France, her liberator, the homage of its gratitude. Her inhabitants share in the general rejoicing and from their hearts affirm their unswerving attachment to the Motherland and the Republic."

BRITISH TRADE FIGURES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 16.—Board of Trade returns for October show an increase in the value of imports amounting to £23,449,119 and a decrease in the value of exports amounting to £7,936,330, compared with October last year.

U.S. COTTON FUTURES' SALE IS PROHIBITED

Liverpool Association Makes Rule To Conform With American Order

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 16.—Owing to the action of the Washington Cotton Distribution Committee in prohibiting its members from executing foreign selling orders, except the liquidation of bull contracts, the Liverpool Cotton Association has prohibited, until further notice, sales of American futures, excepting for liquidation or hedge. Sales on foreign account can only be executed in liquidation of existing contracts. Variations in prices are limited to a halfpenny daily.

Franco-Belgian Mail Service Is Resumed

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 18.—The Postal Administration notifies the public that relations have been re-established between France and the whole of Belgium for ordinary and registered correspondence.

THIRD AMERICAN ARMY IS OCCUPATION FORCE

New Unit Of 250,000 Men To Be Used To Take Over Evacuated Soil

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 18.—The 3rd American Army has been named the Army of Occupation. It will be placed under the direct command of the Commander-in-Chief of the American Expeditionary Corps, who will govern the American portion of the territory occupied. The 3rd Army will be composed of ten divisions which will be divided between the 3rd, 2nd and 6th Corps for the time being. This force will total nearly 250,000 men.

LLOYD-GEORGE SUBMITS PLANKS OF PLATFORM

He Favors Continuation Of Coalition Government Because Of Need For Unity

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 16.—The Prime Minister has written to Mr. Bonar Law, giving the main planks of his program. These include the continuation of the Coalition Government owing to the continued vital need of national unity; the development of the Empire and the peoples in it, preserving for them the position of influence and authority in the world's affairs, which their war sacrifices have won for them; such improvement of conditions of life in Great Britain as will secure opportunity for all. He accepts the policy of Imperial preference as defined in a resolution passed at the recent Imperial Conference, but there must be no tax on bread; preservation of British key industries and the securing of them against unfair competition, for example, dumping. Mr. Lloyd George favors Home Rule for Ireland, excluding the six northern counties, but establishing a Joint council which would be empowered to extend the legislation of the Irish Parliament to Ulster. He recognises, however, that this scheme must be postponed until conditions in Ireland improve.

London, November 16.—A great meeting in the Central Hall, Westminster, which was addressed by Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Bonar Law and Mr. G. N. Barnes, enthusiastically adopted the Coalition program.

VICTORY CELEBRATIONS

Owing to the demand for electric illuminations in the Central District having already reached the limit of the mains, no more applications for temporary lighting can be accepted.

November 18th, 1918

PLEASE LOOK AT YOUR SHOULDERS

Have They Any Wrinkles?

If you like to have a perfect fit, call on

Henry The Tailor,

J14 Seward Road

I acquired the art of cutting from an American tailor. A trial is solicited.

GOODYEAR AKRON TIRES

FOR MAXIMUM MILEAGE

THOMAS W. SIMMONS & CO.

of San Francisco

IMPORTERS EXPORTERS

Are now located at

No. 10 THE BUND

Telephone: Central 3083

Cable address: "SIMMONS"

REMEMBER

TODAY

is the last day to subscribe to the

Victory Loan

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 19, 1918.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate.

@ 5/1=Tls. 3.93
@ exch. 72.7=Mex. $3.41

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate.

@ 121=Tls. $2.64
@ 72.7=Mex. $113.67

Mex. Dollars Market Rate 72.3625
Shai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 262
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1926
Native Interest ..... Tls. 22

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 45⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex. Paris on London .... Fr. 25.93
Ex. N. Y. on London ... T.T. $4.75⅛

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/1
London ..... Demand 5/1⅛
India ..... T.T. 339
Paris ..... T.T. 660
Paris ..... Demand 663
New York ..... T.T. 121
New York ..... Demand 121⅛
Hongkong ..... T.T. 66
Japan ..... T.T. 44½
Batavia ..... T.T. 284½
Singapore ..... T.T. 46

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/2
London ..... 4 m/s. Cdts. 5/3½
London ..... 4 m/s. Docy. 5/2⅞
London ..... 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/4
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/4⅛
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 691
New York ..... s/d Docy. 122½
New York ..... 4 m/s. 125⅜

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 1,050 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $13.00

Customs House Exchange Rates For November

Hk. Tls.	2.47 @ 5/1⅛		£1
„	1 @ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50
„	1 @ 674	Francs	7.51
„	0.73 @ 122½	Gold	$1
„	1 @ 44⅛	Yen	2.48
„	1 @ 15	Rupees	4.30
„	1 @ —	Roubles	—

Singapore Rubber Auction

Following were the prices realised at our Auction on October 20 and 21, 1918:

	Singapore per lb. Cents
Sheet:	
Smoked Fine Ribbed	63/58
Smoked Good Ribbed	57½/40
Smoked Fine Plain	49½/46
Smoked Good Plain	Nil
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed ...	Nil
Unsmoked Good Ribbed ...	42
Unsmoked Fine Plain	42/40
Unsmoked Good Plain ...	30
Cupwashing	36½/28
Crepe:	
Fine Pale Thin	64½/58
Good Pale Thin	57½/40½
Good Pale Blanket	41½/40
Good Brown Blanket	38
Fine Brown	40/33
Good Brown	34½/27
Good Dark	29½/22½
Barky	25/14½
Scrap:	
Virgin and Pressed	25½/22
Loose	25/15½
London Quotations:	
Fine Pale Crepe	2/4½
Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet	2/3⅝

Catalogued for sale 2,680,100 lbs. (about 1,196 tons). Sold 1,640,642 lbs. (about 732 tons).

Since our last report the market has continued its upward move, and our auctions started yesterday morning with a good demand at prices well over last week's figures.

Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet sold up to 63 cents and Fine Pale Crepe up to 64½ cents, marking an advance on the week of 6 cents for both grades. One lot of Fine Pale Crepe sold for 65 cents per lb. Only a few parcels, however, obtained the actual top-prices, and the average prices may be given as 60 cents for Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet and 61½ for Fine Pale Crepe.

Good Ribbed Smoked Sheet and Good Pale Crepe met with less competition, but prices show an advance on the week of about 4 cents.

A few lots of Plain Smoked Sheet, Unsmoked Sheet, and Blanket changed hands at improved prices.

Medium and lower Crepes followed the general advance, and were on an average 3 to 5 cents dearer than last week. There was quite a good demand for the few lots of Scrap on offer.

The sale was continued this morning when prices were rather erratic, although they kept within yesterday's figures. In the afternoon however, the tendency was slightly easier, 60½ cents being the highest paid for Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet. Only Fine Pale Crepe kept very steady on account of the comparatively small quantity available.

MEYER AND MEASON.

North China Insurance Co. Pays 15 p.c.

The fifteenth ordinary general meeting of the North China Insurance Company, Ltd., was held yesterday in the head offices, 7 Kiukiang Road. The meeting was presided over by Mr. W. P. Lambe, chairman, and there were also present: Messrs. C. M. Bain, R. M. Dalgliesh, A. Hide, J. T. Disselduff and E. Binder, directors; Mr. H. G. Simms, secretary and general manager, and shareholders representing 1,194 shares.

Following the reading of the notice convening the meeting, the chairman said:

"Gentlemen, this year our meeting is some three weeks later than usual owing to delays caused by the war in receiving our accounts from branches and agencies.

"The printed report and statement of accounts to June 30, 1918, having been in your hands for some time, I propose with your permission to take them as read.

"On this occasion it is fitting that I should preface my remarks by expressing our feelings of deep thankfulness that the beginning of the fifth year of the great world war saw the German offensive definitely broken, and marked the beginning of the Allied armies' victorious advance, culminating in the complete and final overthrow of German militarism and the triumph of Right over Might.

"While up till the end enemy submarines were still able to add to their career of crime, as a factor in interfering with the successful prosecution of the war, the Allied navies had them well under control. The world's debt of gratitude to the Allied armies and navies, and to the Mercantile Marine who have safely carried on the immense work of transport in spite of the hidden dangers lying in wait for them, is immeasurable. At the cost of the most appalling sacrifices the world has ever seen our freedom is again being established on a solid foundation which will effectively insure the world remaining in future a safe place to live in for both great and small.

"At our last meeting it was pointed out that the additional semi-war risks thrown on marine underwriters were becoming increasingly burdensome. During the period under review these adverse conditions showed no sign of abatement and in fact the tendency has been in the opposite direction so much so that it has been found that marine rates ruling on certain voyages were fast becoming inadequate. Some progress has, I am glad to say, been made to adjust marine rates to enable the business to be maintained on a paying basis.

"Owing to war conditions, losses arising from collision have very considerably increased. The question as to whether losses arising from these collisions fall within the terms of the ordinary marine policy which expressly cover that peril, or whether they fall within the warranty 'from all consequences of hostilities and warlike operations' covered by a war policy, has been a fruitful source of litigation, and important and far-reaching decisions have been given in the courts at home on this question.

"Owing to the greatly enhanced values of cargoes which are now carried by vessels of inferior class, compared with pre-war times, the difficulty in effecting re-insurances without loss is very marked.

"Congestion at ports of transhipment and discharge continues to give underwriters a great deal of anxiety. A regrettable feature of present day conditions is an alarming epidemic of losses arising from pilferage which is in some measure attributable to inferior packing.

"Notwithstanding the difficult conditions, some of which I have alluded to, we have every reason to be satisfied with the results for the year 1917. It must be borne in mind that in normal times a company like ours, which confines its operations chiefly to cargo business, was in a position to estimate fairly accurately the position of the account six months after the close of the year, but in these times, delay in the arrival of goods at destination and the long interval before we receive advice of claims, render it necessary to make provision by carrying forward a more substantial balance to our Underwriting Reserve Account to meet possible claims arising out of these conditions.

"As regards war risks, during the second half of 1917 and right up till now there has been a gradual diminution in the number of losses through submarine attack, with the result that rates have been reduced on most routes, but the various Government War Risk Offices continue to monopolise a very large share of this business at rates below those considered prudent for us to accept.

"Our sterling and gold investments in the aggregate stand in our books below the market prices on June 30 last. The depreciation on silver securities due to the high rate of exchange is amply provided for in Exchange and Investment Fluctuation Account. During the year under review we increased our holding in war bonds, and since closing the accounts further purchases have been made, bringing our total investment in war loans up to £225,000.

"Apart from Excess Profit Tax, taxation shows a substantial increase and we must expect this item to remain an important figure in our accounts in the future.

"As regards prospects for 1918, the concentration of large values in a reduced number of steamers has become more and more acute owing to the greatly increased need of ships for army transport work. The restriction of licenses to import non-essential goods into Allied countries is more rigorously enforced, while the market is deprived of a large volume of business on essential imports requisitioned by our Government on which they run their own risk. These conditions together with the reduction in war rates must necessarily have an adverse effect on premium income and in this respect high-water mark may be looked upon as having been reached.

"In the coming year we must expect to be faced with new problems arising out of the transition from war to peace. Large incomes derived from war risks will disappear. There will be severe competition for marine business which we must expect to continue to be greatly restricted pending the demobilisation of the troops and vessels becoming free once more to return to their normal trade routes after completing repairs which are long overdue. Government control of foodstuffs will doubtless continue until the countries devastated by war have been re-provisioned. The risk of stray mines is likely to continue to be a serious danger for some time after the war. Considerable time will no doubt be required to enable manufacturers to revert from making munitions to their pre-war occupations. On the other hand the usual aids to navigation will be restored and the ordinary trade routes will be resumed, but nevertheless I doubt very much if we can count on any great diminution in marine losses during this transition stage. We must be prepared to look forward to a period of diminished premium income, heavy expenses and taxation and losses above the average of pre-war times.

"The Court of Chancery's assent has been given to the alterations in our Memorandum and Articles of Association in connection with the transaction of various other classes of insurance as passed and confirmed at the Extraordinary General Meetings held on November 27 and December 14, 1917. Good progress has been made in organising and developing the Fire Department in spite of staff difficulties but until the business grows more important we propose to continue incorporating the figures in our marine account.

"At a later stage in these proceedings your directors propose asking you to confirm the payment of a bonus to the staff equal to 20 percent of their salaries. Apart from recognising the efficient manner in which the staff have carried out the more arduous duties devolving on them in war time, it must be recognised that the increased cost of living is becoming more and more marked."

The following resolution were passed:

That the report and accounts as now presented be accepted and passed.—Proposed by the chairman; seconded by Mr. Hide.

That a final dividend of 15 percent on the paid-up capital, and a bonus of 15 percent upon Contributory Marine Premiums be distributed, both payable at the exchange of 5/1⅛ per Tael. £20,000 to be transferred to Sterling Reserve Fund, Taels 25,000 written off premises, and the balance transferred to underwriting reserve account, closing the account for 1917.—Proposed by the chairman; seconded by Mr. Dalgliesh.

That Messrs. Lambe, Bain, Dalgliesh, Hide, Disselduff and Binder be re-elected directors of the company, and that the remuneration of the directors be Taels six thousand per annum.—Proposed by Mr. J. G. Smeaton; seconded by Mr. Quin.

That Messrs. Wingrove and Matthews be re-elected auditors of the company, and that the remuneration of the auditors be Taels six hundred per annum.—Proposed by Mr. Prentice; seconded by Mr. Siowe.

That the directors be authorised to pay to the company's staff a bonus not exceeding 20 percent on their salaries for the past year.—Proposed by the chairman; seconded by Mr. Bain.

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, November 19, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Almas Tls. 8.00
Tanah Merah Tls. 0.90
Zianghes Tls. 5.00
New Engineering Tls. 25.00
Shanghai Docks Tls. 141.00
Telephones Tls. 79.00

Unofficial

Butes Tls. 0.80
Chempedaks Tls. 7.50
Kroewocks Tls. 13.00
Sua Manggis Tls. 4.00
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 16.50
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 16.25 Dec.
Shanghai Docks Tls. 145.00 Dec.
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 8.30 December

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, November 19, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Official

Almas Tls. 8.25 cash
Shanghai Klebangs Tls. 8.25 cash
New Engineering Tls. 27.50 March

Unofficial

Chempedaks Tls. 8.00 cash
Shanghai Klebangs Tls. 0.72½ cash
Shanghai Docks Tls. 145.00 Dec.
Langkats Tls. 20.75 Dec.
New Engineering Tls. 25.00 cash

Amusements

A Hilariously Funny PROGRAMME will be presented at the

VICTORIA THEATRE

on

Wednesday and Thursday, November 20th and 21st

SHOWING

Four new triangle comedies

'BY STORK DELIVERY'
Two Parts

'HIS PRIDE AND SHAME'
Two Parts

'HIS AUTO RUINATION'
Two Parts

'A VILLIAGE VAMPIRE'
Two Parts

A continuous roar of laughter is assured with this unprecedented all-comedy programme.

Remember that a hearty laugh is better than a ton of exercise.

OLYMPIC THEATRE

PROGRAMME
For November 21st

Paramount Pictograph

"THE GORGONA"
Five Parts

"TWIN SISTERS"
Comedy

"A Mixed Up Marriage"
Comedy

ISIS THEATRE

Corner of Jukong and North Szechuen Roads

PROGRAMME
for
Wednesday and Thursday
20th and 21st November

"Peg O' The Ring"
4th and 5th Episodes

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

—Tonight—

BETTY NANSEN
THE ROYAL ACTRESS
IN HER FIRST MADE-IN-AMERICA
FOX- PHOTO PLAY
"THE CELEBRATED SCANDAL"

The great stage success, by Jose Echegarny, the Spanish Shakespeare.

This story tells in a gripping, convincing way the story of the terrible effect of gossip and back-biting on the lives of an innocent man and woman.

PATHE'S AMERICAN GAZETTE

LONESOME LUKE in "WE NEVER SLEEP"
A Two-Part comedy of the kind Apollo patrons like.

Time and Prices as usual.

LYCEUM THEATRE

Grand
Victory Celebration Concert
Under the patronage of all Allied Consuls by.
BOGUMIL SKYORA
World-famous Czech Cellist Virtuoso
and
Miss Katherine Campbell
Noted American Pianist
Friday, November 22nd, 1918
Allied music only.

50% of proceeds to Czech wounded soldiers.
Booking at MOUTRIE'S. Management: J. GENIN.

ONLY A FEW SEATS LEFT!

Olympic Theatre

Tonight! — *Tonight!*

9.15 o'clock

Official American War Films, just released by Committee on Public Information.

First Class Vaudeville
Music — Music — Music

Proceeds go to the United War Relief Fund

Prices: Seats, Mex. $2.00 and $3.00
Boxes, $25.00. No Extras.
Tickets at Moutrie's

20175

Bright Lights! **"The Eldorado"** *First-Class Floor!*
3 Jukong Road

To Complete a "Perfect-Day"
Visit
"THE ELDORADO"
MR. MANNELLI, "THE MANDOLIN-KING"
assisted by
MISS FANNY
Latest "Fox-Trots," "One-Steps," and Waltz's.

Refined Dancing! Everything A.1. Prof. MARTINEZ, Orchestra Commencing 10 p.m. *Excellent Service!*

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
TIENTSIN

Cable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Every Bedroom with private Bath and Toilet.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL
73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1371.

British-America Assurance Co.

Telephone No. 98

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & CO.

Since War broke out
10,000
Oliver
Typewriters
have been bought by H. B. M. Government for military purposes

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Foochow Road.

SCIENTIFIC EYE TESTING

Refracting and Manufacturing
TORIC LENSES
Accurate lens grinding. Sun Glasses and Goggles.
THE NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.
69 Nanking Rd.—Tel. Cent. 1242
(Two doors above Honan Rd.)

GOODYEAR TIRES
FOR MAXIMUM MILEAGE

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Bankers:

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ilollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower Burma)
Haiphong	New York	
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Acounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART,
Manager.

Subscriptions for the

VICTORY FRENCH WAR LOAN

received by

Banque de l'Indo-Chine
29 The Bund
at preferential exchange facilities granted on application

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

1 French Bund, Shanghai.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s.	$15,000,000
Silver	19,500,000
	$34,500,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak Chairman.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr Esq.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.
J. A. Plummer Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dairen	Nicolayowak	Vladivostock
Hailan	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles, Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
Managers for China, Japan and India.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Capital	$541,000.00
Reserve Fund	$11,000.00
Deposits (June 30, 1918)	$2,688,000.00

Cable and Telegraphic Address:
"COMSAVBANK"
Telephone: Central 4522.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Savings Accounts at 4% per annum.

Pocket Saving Banks.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidental Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund	$1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,898,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Account and Dollar Current Account at 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 1st Nov., 1918.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin
Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt,) and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 24,300,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminister and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Buenos Ayres	London	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dalny	Mukden	Singapore
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Harbin	Newchwang	Sydney
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kaiyuen	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Rangoon	Tsingtau

SHANGHAI BRNANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	H.$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ..... U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits ..... U.S. $1,713,000
H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore,
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls.	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls.	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars acording to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

MITSUI BANK, LTD

SHANGHAI BRANCH
3 Foochow Road

Capital (Paid-up)	Yen 20,000,000
Reserve	Yen 13,950,000

Head office: Tokio, Japan.

President: Baron Takayasu Mitsui

Branches:
Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Kukagawa (Tokio), Otaru,

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Barclays Bank, Ltd. The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: The National City Bank of New York.
The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business Transacted.

I. KENJOH, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	650,000

HEAD OFFICE 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH
Manager.

26 The Bund.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Paid-Up
Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
60 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Hanager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
N. 1 Kiukiang Road.

Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserves	Yen 4,650,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:
Important places in Japan
London, New York, San Francisco
Seattle, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA,
Manager.

Telephones:—
Central 2318 Manager.
Central 2350 General Office.
Central 2356 General Office.
Central 4668 Compradore.
Central 4621 Night only.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(Formerly The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank Ltd.)

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai
14, Peking Road.
Managers' Office Central 2650
Tel.: General: Central 2618 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4% per annum.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
O. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,286 (about £1,063,357)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tegal
Djember	Penang	Telok-Betong
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Rangoon	Weltevreden
Kota-Radja	Semarang	
Langsa	Singapore	
Makassar	Soerabaya	
Medan		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tales and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,
Manager.

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF CHINA

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital	Yen 10,000,000
Head Office	Peking.

Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description Transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a Specialty. We issue Demand Draft, T/T, Letters of Credit Buying and Selling Specie, Etc., Etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills Discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager.

中 華 匯 業 銀 行
CHUNG FOO UNION BANK

(Established in 1917.)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Tsinkiangpu	

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London, International Banking Corporation.
New York, International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco, International Banking Corporation.
Tokio, Bank of Chosen.
Kobe, Bank of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S.441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.

Tel. Central 2618 General Office.
Tel. Central 1929 Manager's Office.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$635 B.
Chartered	£71
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$380 B.
North China	Tls. 725 B.
Union of Canton	$850
Yangtsze	$200 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd.	Tls. 26½
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$155 B.
Hongkong Fire	$340 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	Tls. 160
Indo-China Pref	
"Shell"	131/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 33½
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 37½
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10 B.
Oriental Cons	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	$2.40 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$160 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 143
New Eng. Works	Tls. 25 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 99 B.
Hongkong Wharf	$90 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 78 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 89½
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$14 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 195 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 134
Oriental	Tls. 60
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 146
Kungyik	Tls. 16 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tilles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$92 B.
Green Island	$8½ B.
Langkats	Tls 19½ B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 100
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13 B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$97½ B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5.60 B.
Weeks	$13½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7½ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8.60 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 18 B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 0.70 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1.05 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7½
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2.65 B.
Dominion	Tls. 6 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 6¾ S.
Java Consolidated	Tl 15
Kamunting	Tls. 5 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.50
Kapayang	Tls. 27
Karan	Tls. 8 B.
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 5 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 12 B.
Padang	Tls. 9 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4 B.
Permata	Tls. 1½ B.
Repah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 0.85 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.85 B.
Senawang	Tls 9 B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.55 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1,02½
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 4
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.55 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1½ B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.90 B.
Tebong	Tls. 15½ B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4½ B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 350 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10½
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 68 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24 3.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 50
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 79
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 170

S., Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 398

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Nov. 21

For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per C.M. s.s. China ..... Nov. 24
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo M. Nov. 29

MAILS DUE.

From U.S. and Canada:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Fushimi M. Nov. 21

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	24	— San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	29	— San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Nov.	29	— Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec.	7	— San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	—	— Vancouver	Beatle Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Dec.	1	— Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec.	17	— Seattle, eac.	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec.	21	— San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan.	12	— San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	—	— Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov.	21	— Kobe	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	22	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	23	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Tawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	27	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	29	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	29	— Nagasaki	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
Nov.	30	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	6	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec.	9	— Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yamashina Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPF INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

	— London, etc.	Aki Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
	— London, etc.	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov.	20	4.00 Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	20	4.30 Ningpo	Hain Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Nov.	21	4.30 Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	21	noon Swatow	Paoting	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	21	noon Swatow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	21	noon Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	22	— Hongkong & Manila	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	24	— Foochow, K'lung & Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	25	D.L. Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov.	20	— Newchwang	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	22	10.00* W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	22	1.00 Tsingtao & Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov.	24	— T'sin, Dalny & T'tao	Keelung Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	26	3.00 W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	26	6.00* Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov.	29	4.00 Vladivostock	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov.	20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	20	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kweilee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov.	21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov.	25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Arrived		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	19	— Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	19	— Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	19	— Hankow	Meinan	Am.	Socony.
Nov.	19	— Hankow	Klangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	19	— Lungkow	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	19	— Hongkong	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nov.	19	— Hongkong	Stentor		
Nov.	19	— Dairen	Hinoki Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	19	— Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov.	19	— Japan	Uroga Maru	Jap.	

Departures

Date		For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	19	— San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Nov.	19	— N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	19	— Foochow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	19	10.30* Hongkong & Canton	Singan	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	19	— Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Nov.	19	noon Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov.	19	3.00 W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nganking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Changon	Br.	H.O. S.S. Co
Nov.	19	— Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept.	18	— Japan	Matsu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct.	1	— Japan	Meiho Maru	Jap.	
Oct.	15	— Hankow	Klangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	22	—	Stasia	Am.	
Oct.	26	—	Shanghai	Chi.	M. & Co.
Oct.	27	— Japan	Hirano Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct.	28	— Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G-N Tel Co.
Oct.	28	—	Magnit	Rus.	R.V.F.
Oct.	31	— Japan	Hikoshima Maru	Jap.	Suzuki Co.
Nov.	2	— Singapore	Tosan Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	9	— Cruise	Likia	Chi.	Customs
Nov.	11	—	Kienhsin	Chi.	W. & Co.
Nov.	12	— Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Nov.	13	— Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Custom
Nov.	14	— Hankow	Hanping	Chi.	H.Y.P.I. Co
Nov.	16	— Chefoo	Usang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	16	— Japan	Toyama Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	17	— Hankow	Tatung	Jap.	S. & Co.
Nov.	17	— Hankow	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	17	— Hankow	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	17	— Cruise	Lauhaing	Chi.	Customs
Nov.	18	— Hankow	Kweilee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	18	— Hankow	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	18	— Hankow	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	18	— Newchwang	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	18	— Hongkong	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	18	— Chinwangtao	Hero Maru	Nor.	O. Thoresen
Nov.	18	— Japan	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	18	— Japan	Misaki Maru	Jap.	M. B. Co.
Nov.	18	— Japan	Chiyoda Maru	Jap.	

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Fengyang Maur**, Captain S. Tahano, will be despatched from the N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Wednesday, November 20**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha**, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. **Kweilee**, Captain J. Smith, will leave on **Wednesday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, November 20**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungting**, Captain A. Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, November 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire, Agents** French Bund. **Freight Telephone** No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Chartered Steamer **Hwah Lee**, tons 1,161 will leave on **Thursday, November 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. (Passengers Telephone No. 240.) (Freight Telephone No. 250.)

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Yohyang Maru**, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, November 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha**, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Loongwo**, tons 2,295 Capt. Findelson will leave on **Friday, November 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. (Passengers Telephone No. 240.) (Freight Telephone No. 250.)

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, November 25**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hain Peking**, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, Nov. 20**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Paoting**, Captain P. H. Purslow, will leave on **Thursday, November 21**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tamsui**, Captain J. S. DeWolf, will leave on **Thursday, November 21**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sunning**, Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, November 21**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Sunday, November 24**. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone Central No. 4234 and 4235.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, November 25**, at dyalight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Thursday, Dec. 5, at** ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Central Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.**

For Northern Ports

NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Feiching**, Capt. A. B. Baines, will leave on **Wednesday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien**, Capt. Northcombe will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 22**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration S. S. **Upolu** will despatch on **Sunday, November 24.** For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1116.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, November 26**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **Butterfield & Swire**, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN via TSINGTAO.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Sunday, November 24.** The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone Central No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA and SEATTLE, VANCOUVER CALLING at VICTORIA, B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Africa Maru**, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on **Sunday, December 1.** Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs' Jetty on the same day. For freight or passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 **The Bund. (Telephone Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.)**

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For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengkiang.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailing every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON.—S.S. Sulyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

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For Ningpo—S.S. Hain Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

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S.S. Ecuador	Feb. 1	S.S. Colombia	Feb. 8

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S.S. Colusa	Jan. 28	S.S. Santa Cruz	Jan. 12

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In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.
arr. leave.
AFRICA MARU....(18,000 tons) Capt. H. Yamamoto. Nov. 30 Dec. 1
FOR HONGKONG
MEXICO MARU ...(12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiya. Dec. 4 Dec. 5
FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtao, Tientsin and Dairen).
KEELUNG MARU..(3,000 tons) Capt. Y. Fukami. Nov. 22 Nov. 24
FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).
KOHOKU MARU ...(5,200 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, Nov. 22 Nov. 24
The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai
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Manager.

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L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
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TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	November 30
SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	December 21

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S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	24th
S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	12th

*S.S. "Nanking" does not call at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA

S.S. "NANKING"	DEC.	24th
S.S. "CHINA"	JAN.	22nd

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(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE
For London or Liverpool via ports.
*(For Liverpool).

	Tons	
KAGA MARU	12,500	
AKI MARU	12,500	

AMERICAN LINE
Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Nov. 29
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Dec. 17

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi,	Nov. 22
ROKURA MARU	5,000	Capt. G. Ohta,	Nov. 29
YAMSHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	Dec. 6

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Takano,	Nov. 23
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Nov. 27
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Nov. 30
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	Dec. 4

KOBE TO SEATTLE

ATSUTA MARU	16,000	Capt. K. Inatsu,	Nov. 25

FOR JAPAN

YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	Capt. N. Okamoto	Nov. 21

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa,	Dec. 6
KAISHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa,	March 6

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000		Nov. 22

AUSTRALIAN LINE
Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

KITANO MARU	16,000		Nov. 20
TANGO MARU	14,000		Dec. —
NOKKO MARU	10,000		January

CALCUTTA LINE
Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokahama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homewrd voyage).

BOMBAY LINE
Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY

Important Section in the Overland Route between the Far East and Europe.

Operating all Lines in South Manchuria and Chosen east of Mukden

Travellers and Tourists journeying between Tokyo and Peking should travel via the South Manchuria Railway, which runs from Fusan to Mukden and passes through magnificent scenery and furnishes the last link in the new st highway round the world. Only a short sea passage (about 10 hours), between Shimonoseki and Fusan. The ordinary daily trains between Fusan and Mukden have sleeping and dining accommodation.

This line connects at Mukden (the ancient capital of China) with the Peking-Mukden Line and the main line of the South Manchuria Railway, which connects the Trans-Siberian Route with the seaboard at Dairen, where there are several regular steamer services.

Owing to the suspension of the Express Train Service between Europe and the Orient, with no immediate prospect of its resumption, all the Express Trains have been discontinued until further notice.

Particulars and guide books free from the International Sleeping Car Co.'s Offices, Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son's Offices, the Japan Tourist Bureau Offices, or direct from the

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Head Office: Dairen.

Branch Offices: Tokio, Seoul, Harbin, Kirin, Peking and Shanghai.

Tel. Add.: Mantetsu. Codes: A.B.C. 5th Ed., A1, and Lieber's.

Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press

should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

DOLLAR S. S. LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI

to

VANCOUVER

SAILINGS

S.S. "STANLEY DOLLAR" . . NOVEMBER
S.S. "HAROLD DOLLAR" . . . NOVEMBER
S.S. "BESSIE DOLLAR" . . . . DECEMBER
S.S. "MELVILLE DOLLAR" . JANUARY

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc. apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Union Building, Canton Road

TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2303.

Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd., Meet

The eighth annual general meeting of the Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at the offices of the general managers, 71 Szechuen Road. Mr. C. W. Wrightson was in the chair, supported by Messrs. Y. Meyer, Hugo Reiss, E. Jenner Hogg and J. H. Osborne, directors, and shareholders representing 14,716 shares. After the notice had been read the chairman said:

"Gentlemen, the accounts and directors' report for the year ended June 30, 1918, have been in your hands for some days and with your permission I will take them as read.

"Before proceeding with the ordinary business of the meeting, I would ask you to stand up and in this manner show our great appreciation and thankfulness for the wonderful and complete victory of the Allied arms and for the cessation of hostilities.

"The working of the year under review resulted in a net profit of Tls. 16,342.75, which, although showing a large decrease as compared to the previous year, can nevertheless be considered satisfactory for the following reasons:

"Owing to the restrictions upon the importation of rubber into various countries, enforced by their respective Governments, production largely exceeded demand, with the result that the market experienced a great depression, and that the company realised for its crop only 1/7.52 against 2/3.90 per lb. during the previous year.

"In addition to this we experienced a further rise in silver, and therefore the conversion of Straits dollars into taels was yet more unfavorable than during the previous year, the comparative rates being 54, 1/8 s against 69 last year, for sales during the year, and 49, 5/8 for stocks of rubber and cash on hand on June 30 1918, as against 61 last year.

"On the other hand you will appreciate that our cost of production has been reduced somewhat during the year under review, notwithstanding a general rise in prices of all materials essential for rubber cultivation and production, and that adverse exchange has greatly affected such items as Depreciation, Head Office Charges and War Tax.

"It may safely be assumed that restrictions on the importation of rubber will be lifted only gradually, and that the process of returning in every part of the world to anything like normal conditions again must necessarily be a slow one, and this must also reflect upon the rubber market generally. The immediate outlook may seem better as is indicated by the recent rise of the price of rubber, but there will no doubt occur many more fluctuations as we have seen during the past year and it behooves us therefore not to be over sanguine.

"You must no doubt be aware that at the low selling price recently ruling, the company can only just pay its way and your directors therefore recommend that the balance standing at credit of Profit and Loss Account be dealt with as follows:

To write off development account	Tls. 11,310.44
To carry forward to next year's account	18,869.11
	Tls. 30,179.55

"As regards estate matters I am glad to be able to tell you, as is so evident from the report, that the estate is in first class order in every respect, and that the progress continues to be very gratifying; the detailed figures in the report testify to this and there remains nothing for me to add.

"You no doubt expect me to tell you something about the proposed scheme of Government control over the production as well as price of rubber; as you know a Commission was appointed in August last by the High Commissioner for Malay States to enquire into and report on:

(1) whether any action should be taken by the Government to give protection or assistance to the rubber industry in the present state of the rubber market: and
(2) if so, what that action should be.

"The break in the price of rubber was the result of the U.S. Government limiting the importation of rubber into that country to 25,000 tons for 3 months to July, and subsequently this restriction was extended to the end of September and still remains in force; this means that for the year May, 1918, to April 1919, the United States would take only 100,000 tons against 177,000 tons imported during 1917.

"The production of rubber in 1917 was as follows:

Plantation rubber	201,414 tons
Brazilian and wild	50,000
	251,414 tons

"Distribution of rubber, 1917:

America	177,000 tons
Great Britain	25,993
Other Countries	52,610
	255,593 tons

"Thus in 1917 production was less than the distribution by about 4,179 tons.

"Therefore, leaving aside the question of stocks, on the above basis—if America would take only 100,000 tons—and production were the same in 1918 as 1917—the position would be as follows:

World's Production	250,000 tons
World's Distribution:	
America	100,000 tons
Great Britain	26,000
Other Countries	52,000
	178,000

A surplus of 72,000 tons with a tendency to a further similar increase of stocks in 1919.

"The Commission's unanimous conclusion therefore was to recommend that for 3 months the output of all plantations should be restricted to 50 lbs. per acre (or 200 lbs. per acre per annum), and to further reduce the output later on if found necessary, but that the scheme of restriction of output must be accompanied by an increase and regulation of price.

"For this purpose the Commission recommended that the British Government—in conjunction with the Dutch Government—should first fix a minimum price of rubber at $1 per lb., and a controllership to effectively enforce restriction of output.

"When these recommendations were made the cessation of hostilities was hardly considered possible before some time in 1919, but as the victory of the Allied arms has come so suddenly it is difficult to know whether the Government will now take any action.

"Restrictions into the United States and other countries, as well as the difficulties of shipping, will, in all probability, be removed gradually and in that event the position should improve, but nevertheless I think that it is high time that the plantation industry should organise itself in such a way as to control output and the sale of rubber, and not to continue to be at the mercy of consumers.

"Before putting the various resolutions before the meeting, I shall be pleased to answer any questions to the best of my ability."

No questions were asked and the following resolutions were passed unanimously:

That the report and accounts for the year ended June 30, 1918, as presented, and the disposal of the balance at credit of Profit and Loss Account, as recommended, be adopted and passed.—Proposed by the chairman; seconded by Mr. E. Jenner Hogg.

That Mr. E. Jenner Hogg and Mr. C. W. Wrightson be re-elected directors of the company.—Proposed by Mr. G. Grayrigge; seconded by Mr. Slowe.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors of the company for the ensuing year at a fee of Tls. 300 for auditing the books of the company at Singapore and Shanghai.—Proposed by Mr. Grayrigge; seconded by Mr. Reiss.

CONGOLEUM
RUGS
SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

Have you heard about the serpent!

Rubber Outputs

	Sept.	Oct.
Alma	32,000	32,000
Amherst	1,859	5,460
Anglo-Dutch	56,500	61,000
Anglo-Java	159,000	177,000
Ayer Tawah	25,003	24,000
Batu Anam	23,000	26,700
Bukit Toh Alang	14,461	*11,244
Bute	13,513	14,800
Chempedak	8,200	8,700
Chemor	22,263	19,854
Cheng	14,150	17,438
Consolidated	53,712	*44,287
Dominion	43,463	36,936
Gula Kalumpong	73,000	66,000
Java Consolidated	54,000	59,000
Kamunting	21,825	20,414
Kapala	11,777	12,410
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	9,300	7,400
Kota Bahroe	39,640	39,245
Kroewoek	39,000	46,000
Langkat	79,090	71,986
Padang	24,000	22,800
Permata	5,717	5,602
Pengkalan	14,502	15,647
Repah	18,000	16,000
Samaraga	16,580	15,100
Semambu	15,841	14,042
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	25,333	44,200
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Klebang	14,789	*12,537
Shanghai-Kelantan	—	15,500
Shanghai-Seremban	7,858	11,038
Shanghai-Pahang	13,496	9,017
Shanghai-Sumatra	71,230	61,150
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	10,195	8,555
Sungei	27,262	20,050
Taiping	12,311	10,625
Tanah Merah	34,000	29,900
Tebong	60,000	60,000
Ulobri	5,246	5,726
Ziangbe	61,000	61,000

*Decrease due to heavy rains and coolies suffering from influenza.

Shipping Items

The L.-C. s.s. Hwahlee left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The L.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru (Osaka-Shanghai Line) with mails left Moji for Shanghai on Monday and may be expected to arrive today.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The L.-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Irene left Lungkow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The L.-C. s.s. Wingsang left Hongkong for Ningpo and Shanghai on Sunday.

The L.-C. s.s. Taisang left Hongkong for Swatow, Foochow and Shanghai on Sunday.

Th C.M. s.s. Haoming left Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi will leave Foochow for Shanghai today.

The L.-C. s.s. Suiwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. China will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today and due at Woosung Sunday morning. The tender conveying inward passengers may be expected to reach the Customs Jetty about 9 o'clock. She sails for San Francisco via Japan and Honolulu the same evening and the tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 o'clock.

Business and Official Notices

4% New French War Loan

Rente Perpetuelle
Issue Price 70.80

Subscription opened up to 22nd November
Interest payable quarterly
Best exchange and facilities offered by
BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE
Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hongkong.
19910

EXPORTERS ATTENTION!!!

Why do you pretend to look wise? You really don't know those Chinese Guys. Experts are far and few between. Doeskins, Goatskins, Bristles, are not so keen to move from Szechwan, well packed and selected, until it costs you bitter experience for goods collected. And then you'll surely think of "Born in 1915," of Bristles Doeskins, Goatskins, and of "Still Existing."

WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, West China.

TAKE ADVANTAGE
OF THE
HIGH EXCHANGE!
Carry a Gold Dollar Account
WITH
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
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NOTICE

Madame Praney
LATEST styles in ladies' dressmaking costumes, children's dresses and evening gowns, a speciality.
Perfect fit guaranteed.
Price moderate.
No. 4 North Soochow Road.
(Next door to The King's Daughters' Society's Rooms.)
19950

The Shanghai Horticultural Society

CHRYSANTHEMUM SHOW

Will be held in a matshed on The Bund on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th and 20th November.

BAND PERFORMANCE
5 to 6.30 p.m. and 9 to 10.30 p.m.
BUFFET AND TEA ROOM
Admission $1.00
Children ..... 50 cents.

School children in charge of their teachers admitted between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5.30 p.m. on the 20th inst. admission 20 cents each.

Prizes to the value of $25, $15, $10, will be awarded by the Committee for the three best essays on the Show written by school children.

C. C. STEVENSON,
Hon. Secretary.
20163

HONMA HOSPITAL,
No. 8a Miller Road. Tel. North 2961

DR. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokio and Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine,
Children's Diseases.

DR. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases,
Confinements, Surgery,
Skin Diseases.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road

Business and Official Notices

Special Notice To Mariners

No. 520.

China Sea.

Gulf of Pechili—Tientsin District.

Approach to the Taku Bar.

Wreck.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Lighter lies sunk in the approach to the Taku Bar, Gulf of Pechili. From the Wreck the Taku Light-vessel bears about S. 42° E., magnetic, distant 1.4 miles.

T. J. ELDRIDGE,
Acting Coast Inspector.

Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 19th November, 1918.
20201

For Mesopotamia

H.B.M. Government requires 15 British Labor Supervisors able to speak Chinese (Compo and Shanghai dialects). For full particulars please apply:

Major C. M. MANNERS, R.E.,
20 Kiukiang Road.
20200

Modern Residence For Sale

Western district, 7 bedrooms, 5 ½ ground floor, with all modern appliances, garage, stables, hot-houses, large garden. Area 14 mow.

Owner leaving Shanghai.
Apply to J. P. BISSET & Co.
1 The Bund.
20203

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2553

The Municipal Offices will be closed to public business during the Armistice Celebrations viz., Thursday, Friday and Saturday, November 21, 22 and 23.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, November 20, 1918.
20205

SPECIALIST

(can speak English well)
For
Venereal and Surgical Diseases.
Men and Women's Diseases.
Skin Diseases and Rheumatism
Injection of all kinds of vaccine serums, and 1914 (606). Test of blood.
Charges moderate.
(Japanese) Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
21 Haining Road (fifth house from North Szechuen Road).
Tel. North 2279.
17846

Union Church Literary and Social Guild

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 21st, at 9 p.m.

Lecture: Mr. B. Atwood Robinson
"Some Reminiscences of Literary Boston of the 19th Century"

Admission $1.00:
Members by Ticket.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13

International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

48th Meeting
23rd November, 1918 (Saturday)

The 2 Extra races namely The CELEBRATION PLATE and An OPEN SELLING PLATE. (Post Entries) are hereby cancelled. First Saddling Bell will be rung punctually at 1.30 p.m.

By order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.

Chinese Government Railways

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

NOTIFICATION No. 283.

Train Service on the Line (194/33)

With a view to provide safety to passengers travelling by this Railway's up and down THROUGH MAIL TRAINS which usually pass the line at night time between Tsinanfu and Hanchuang where the local conditions are unsettled at present, it has been decided to arrange for the Mail Trains to run through this unquiet section in day time instead of, as it used to be, at night. Consequently commencing from the 20th November, 1918, the timings for the running of the Through Mail Trains will be revised as stated below. The time so arranged for the journey between Tientsin and Pukow under the revised schedule is although extended to some extent yet the connections with the Peking-Mukden and Shanghai-Nanking Lines are secured as heretofore and the same convenience is afforded to the travelling public but with better protection.

Revised Time Table for arrivals and departures at and from the main stations of the line as follows:

Down Mail No. 3	Stations	Up Mail No. 4
21.15 dep.	Tientsin-East	arr. 6.24
21.25 arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep. 6.15
21.45 dep.	„	arr. 6.00
1.17 arr.	Tsangchow	dep. 1.39
1.24 dep.	„	arr. 1.19
4.31 arr.	Techow	dep. 21.37
4.49 dep.	„	arr. 21.17
7.52 arr.	Tsinanfu	dep. 17.46
8.15 dep.	„	arr. 17.26
10.31 arr.	Taianfu	dep. 14.53
10.51 dep.	„	arr. 14.34
13.18 arr.	Yenchowfu	dep. 11.52
13.35 dep.	„	arr. 11.42
16.22 arr.	Lincheng	dep. 8.46
16.37 dep.	„	arr. 8.31
18.35 arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep. 6.20
18.55 dep.	„	arr. 5.59
23.25 arr.	Pengpu	dep. 0.50
23.45 dep.	„	arr. 0.30
6.00 arr.	Pukow	dep. 18.30

By order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Tientsin, 15th November, 1918.
20185

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

In view of the Victory Celebrations the Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will close for the transaction of Public Business on the afternoons of Thursday and Friday, the 21st and 22nd, and will not open on Saturday, the 23rd November,
20184

—BILL SMITH—

It may be that there are products superior to Elephant Head French Peppermint, but they are not to be procured on this market.

ASK BILL!

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls, Stove Polish, Door Springs and Vacuum Bottles.
17997

Shanghai Rowing Club

"SMOKER"

POSTPONED

to NOVEMBER 30, on account of victory celebrations.

Customs Notification

No. 902

CUSTOMS HOLIDAYS:

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 21st, 22nd and 23rd November, having been declared Public Holidays in Shanghai in celebration of the Allied Victory, this Custom House will be open for the transaction of business on Thursday and Friday from 9 a.m. till 11 a.m. only and will remain closed during the whole of Saturday, for which day no Special Permits for the working of cargo will be issued.

L. DE LUCA,
Deputy Commissioner-in-Charge, temporarily.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, 18th November, 1918.
20194

RARE OLD VIOLIN

for sale

Landolfe Creation Cremona.
Inquire 31 Boone Road.
20183

TURKISH BATH and MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT

Specialty for rheumatism and nervousness; fat people reduced. 15 years' experience in U.S.A. Patients attended at their residences by arrangement.

Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768, 25 North Szechuen Road

SPECIAL DINNER AND DANCE

The Managememnt of
The Astor House Hotel
announce that they will hold a
"Celebration" Dinner and Dance
ON THURSDAY NIGHT
Commencing at 8:30 p.m.
at $2.50 per Cover.

Those desiring reservations are requested to make same in advance to the Supt. of Service or Hotel Office. Phone North 908.

(Usual Tea Dansant Friday Afternoon at 5 p.m.)

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895
A1220 BROADWAY & 617 TIENSING ROAD, SHANGHAI
Stocks of
Metals, Hardware and Sundries.
Contractors to
GOVERNMENTS, MUNICIPALITIES, RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, ETC.

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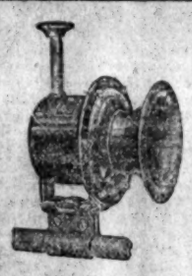
Carbons, Ribbons, Erasers, and a complete line of office supplies in stock

Filing Systems A Specialty

Phone Central 4778 — THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO. — Phone Central 4778
4 Canton Road, Shanghai



EVERY MOTOR-CYCLIST
should have the protection of a
STEWART Hand Operated
WARNING SIGNAL
A clear, sharp, warning blast, which will penetrate all other noises—AND WARN BUT NOT FRIGHTEN.

For particulars, apply to the Sole Agents,
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS
No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
Telephone Central 3329

Weeks & Co., Ltd.

SPECIAL
AMERICAN FLAGS
Made of All Wool Bunting
Size 3' 6" x 2' 3" — $4.50 each

NOTICE

DR. D. A. POPOVICI, specialist for diseases and operations of throat, nose and ears has resumed his consultation hours from 2-4 p.m. 103 Szechuen Road.
19690

The Shanghai Co-operative Society

Members are advised that the store will be open on the 21st, 22nd and 23rd inst. only, between the hours of 9.00 and 11.30 a.m.
20189

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.
Telephone North 433.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE
8 Quinsan Gardens.
To let with board, large front room with verandah and bath room attached. Accommodation for table boarders. Good cuisine. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET
167 Bubbling Well Road
A large comfortable bedroom, with bathroom attached; suitable for married couple or two friends. Use of tennis, garage, stable and telephone.

TO LET, one large unfurnished room for residence or office: steam heat, private modern bath, hard-wood floor. Apply 51 Szechuen Road.
20120

A NICE furnished room to let, with bathroom attached, with or without board, gas heating, telephone; in a private family. Apply to Box 224, THE CHINA PRESS.
20055

HOUSES TO LET

SMALL five-roomed house to let, Studley Avenue. Furniture, fittings, etc., can be purchased at reasonable figure, if desired. Apply to Box 273, THE CHINA PRESS.
20181 N.20.

NOW VACANT and to let, on 1st floor, 6 Foochow Road, a fine residential flat, or offices, five-rooms, steam heated, hot and cold water, taxes, all included in moderate rental. Apply to Box 268, THE CHINA PRESS.
20170

TO LET, from 1st December, 1918, various styles of residences, in the Yuen, Hart and Bubbling Well Roads, Western district. Rents ranging from Tls. 55 to Tls. 90 per month. Apply to the China Land and Building Company, Ltd.
20161

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, small room and board, preferably in Central district. State terms to Box 279, THE CHINA PRESS.
20204 N.21.

WANTED by two ladies, one large room or one small bedroom (with bathroom attached), and one small sitting room, without board. Moderate terms. Apply to Box 272, THE CHINA PRESS.
20179 N.21.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, 1 Museum Road, or P. D. 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: Experienced young man to organise and manage export department, hides, bristles, cotton, etc. State terms and experience. Strictly confidential to Box No. 259, THE CHINA PRESS.
20146 N.22.

WANTED a few salesmen and saleswomen with selling experience. Liberal contract to the right ones. Apply to the Manager, between 5 and 6 p.m. Singer Sewing Machine Company, P-474 Nanking Road.
20147 N.21.

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, offices and godowns 37A, 37E Canton Road, one large godown 4A Kiangse Road. Apply to 10 Yangtszepoo Road, Phone East 24.
20142 N.21.

LOST

A BUNCH of keys, on Saturday last. Will finder please communicate with Box 276, THE CHINA PRESS.
20188 N.20.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, double-barrelled, 12-bore sporting gun, $60. .22 Remington and 500 rounds, $60. .22 pistol and 100 rounds, $25. Also half-plate camera and accessories. Apply No. 3, Bickerton's Hotel.
20199 N.21.

FOR SALE, Cadillac touring car, with four new tyres and new storage battery, going cheap. For further particulars please apply to The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd. Motor Garage Phone West 1213, 1202.
20195 N.21.

FOR SALE, Bébé Peugeot in good condition with two new spare tyres, electric lights and storage batteries. For further particulars please apply to The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd. Motor Garage Phone West 1213, 1202.
20195 N.21.

NEW TYPEWRITERS for sale: prices very moderate. One Underwood, one Smith Premier, one Oliver and one Monarch. Please apply to Box 278, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED, 12-bore sporting gun. State maker's name and price to Box 275, THE CHINA PRESS.
20187 N.20.

FOR SALE, Harley-Davidson motor-cycle (1917 model Twin), with side-car, speedometer, Prestolite lighting equipment, Klaxon horn, all in excellent condition. Apply to Box 265, THE CHINA PRESS.
20166 N.20.

WANTED to buy: Large foreign residence in the Western district, five to-six bedrooms. Price from 25,000 to 40,000 Taels. Apply to Box 233, THE CHINA PRESS.
20066

WANTED to purchase, in the French concession, a foreign residence with garage and tennis lawn. Reply, with full particulars, to Box 234, THE CHINA PRESS.
20067

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 10